R.A. 9501: Magna Carta for Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises
Guide to the Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
(RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, and further amended by RA 9501)
This primer provides a quick reference on the “Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)”, a landmark legislation that defines the current national policy to promote, support, strengthen and encourage the growth and development of MSMEs.

Enacted by the Philippine Congress in 1991 as Republic Act 6977, and amended by Republic Act 8289 in 1997, and further amended by Republic Act 9501 in 2008, the law is geared towards the development of the Filipino entrepreneurial spirit by providing a business environment conducive for MSMEs.

The full texts of RA 6977, RA 8289 and RA 9501 and its implementing rules and regulations including the revised rules and regulations governing the mandatory allocation of credit resources provide ready reference for a complete compilation of laws on the Magna Carta for MSMEs.
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SECTION 1. Title. — This Act shall be known as the “Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)”.

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. — Recognizing that MSMEs have the potential for more employment generation and economic growth and therefore can help provide a self-sufficient industrial foundation for the country, it is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote, support, strengthen and encourage the growth and development of MSMEs in all productive sectors of the economy particularly rural/agri-based enterprises. To this end, the State shall recognize the specific needs of the MSMEs and shall undertake to promote entrepreneurship, support entrepreneurs, encourage the establishment of MSMEs and ensure their continuing viability and growth and thereby attain countryside industrialization by:

“a) intensifying and expanding programs for training in entrepreneurship and for skills development for labor;

“b) facilitating their access to sources of funds;

“c) assuring to them access to a fair share of government contracts and related incentives and preferences;

“d) complementing and supplementing financing programs for MSMEs and doing away with stringent and burdensome collateral requirements that small entrepreneurs invariably find extreme difficulty complying with;

“e) instituting safeguards for the protection and stability of the credit delivery system;

“f) raising government efficiency and effectiveness in providing assistance to MSMEs throughout the country, at the least cost;

“g) promoting linkages between large and small enterprises, and by encouraging the establishment of common service facilities;

“h) making the private sector a partner in the task of building up MSMEs through the promotion and participation of private voluntary organizations, viable industry associations, and cooperatives; and
“i) assuring a balanced and sustainable development through the establishment of a feedback and evaluation mechanism that will monitor the economic contributions as well as bottlenecks and environmental effects of the development of MSMEs.”

(RA 9501 through Sec. 2 amended Sec. 2 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 3. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) as Beneficiaries. — MSMEs shall be defined as any business activity or enterprise engaged in industry, agribusiness and/or services, whether single proprietorship, cooperative, partnership or corporation whose total assets, inclusive of those arising from loans but exclusive of the land on which the particular business entity’s office, plant and equipment are situated, must have value falling under the following categories:

- micro : not more than P3,000,000
- small : P3,000,001 - P 15,000,000
- medium : P15,000,001 - P100,000,000

“The above definitions shall be subject to review and adjustment by the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Council under Section 6 of this Act or upon recommendation of sectoral organizations concerned, taking into account inflation and other economic indicators. The Council may use other variables such as number of employees, equity capital and assets size.

“The Council shall ensure that notwithstanding the plans and programs set for MSMEs as a whole, there shall be set and implemented other plans and programs varied and distinct from each other, according to the specific needs of each sector, encouraging MSMEs to graduate from one category to the next or even higher category.”

(RA 9501 through Sec. 3 amended Sec. 3 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 4. Eligibility for Government Assistance. — To qualify for assistance, counseling, incentives and promotion under this Act, businesses falling under the above definition must be:

a) duly registered with the appropriate agencies as presently provided by law: Provided, That in the case of micro enterprises as defined herein, registration, with the office of the municipal or city treasurer shall be deemed sufficient compliance with this requirement;
“b) one hundred percent (100%) owned, capitalized by Filipino citizens, whether single proprietorship or partnership. If the enterprise is a juridical entity, at least sixty percent (60%) of its capital or outstanding stocks must be owned by Filipino citizens;

“c) a business activity within the major sectors of the economy, namely: industry, trade, services, including the practice of one’s profession, the operation of tourism-related establishments, and agri-business, which for purposes of this Act refers to any business activity involving the manufacturing, processing, and or production of agricultural produce; and

“d) it must not be a branch, subsidiary or division of a large scale enterprise.

“However, this requirement shall not preclude MSMEs from accepting subcontracts and entering into franchise partnership with large enterprises or from joining in cooperative activities with other MSMEs.

“Programs of the Small Business Corporation (SB Corporation) as provided in subsequent provisions of this Act shall be exclusively delivered and directed to bonafide MSMEs.

“Any MSME, its directors, officers or agents, found to have committed fraud or misrepresentation for the purpose of availing the benefits under this Act shall be immediately disqualified as a beneficiary, without prejudice to any administrative, criminal or civil liability under existing laws.

“Eligible MSMEs shall be entitled to a share of at least ten percent (10%) of total procurement value of goods and services supplied to the Government, its bureaus, offices and agencies annually.

“The Department of Budget and Management shall monitor the compliance of government agencies on the required procurement for MSMEs and submit its report to the MSMED Council on a semestral basis and to the Congress of the Philippines, through its appropriate committees on a yearly basis.”

(RA 9501 through Sec. 4 amended Sec. 4 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)
SEC. 5. Guiding Principles. — To set the pace for MSME development, the State shall be guided by the following principles:

“(a) Minimal set of rules and simplification of procedures and requirements. All government agencies having to do with small enterprises shall pursue the principles of minimum regulation to ensure stability of rules and to encourage entrepreneurial spirit among the citizenry. The agencies shall see to it that procedural rules and requirements, within their respective offices in coordination with other agencies, are minimized in the act of registration, availment of financing and accessing other government services and assistance.

“(b) Role of the private sector. In order to hasten growth and expansion of small and medium enterprises, the private sector throughout the country shall be encouraged to assist in the effective implementation of this Act by participating in government programs for small and medium enterprises strictly in accordance with the law, and consistent with the attainment of the purposes hereof. To encourage private sector participation, the Council, in consultation with the concerned sector, may recommend simplified procedure and localized incentives to small enterprises. The Government shall encourage the organization and establishment of small and medium enterprise industry associations at the local and regional levels preferably unified under a national federation association.

“(c) Coordination of government efforts. Government efforts shall be coordinated to achieve coherence in objectives. All appropriate offices, particularly those under the Departments of Trade and Industry, Finance, Budget and Management, Agriculture, Agrarian Reform, Environment and Natural Resources, Labor and Employment, Transportation and Communications, Public Works and Highways, Science and Technology, Interior and Local Government and Tourism as well as the National Economic and Development Authority, Philippine Information Agency and the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, through their national, regional and provincial offices shall, to the best of their efforts and in coordination with local government units, provide the necessary support and assistance to MSMEs.

“(d) Decentralization. The State shall accelerate the decentralization process by establishing regional and provincial offices in order to enhance and attain greater efficiency in the provision of services
to the countryside and the implementation of this Act, in coordination with local government units. To this end, the government agencies shall effect a substantial delegation of authority to their regional and provincial offices to make decisions, particularly in the registration of beneficiaries of this law, qualification for availment of benefits, accreditation of private voluntary organizations, industry associations and cooperatives, and to resolve complaints for violation of applicable laws.”

(RA 9501 through Sec. 5 amended Sec. 5 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 6. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Plan (MSMEDP). — The President shall approve a six-year micro, small and medium enterprises development plan prepared by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) which shall form part of the Medium Term Philippine Development Plan (MTPDP). It shall be formulated in consultation with the private sector, validated and updated semestrally. Such plan shall include a component on a micro credit financing scheme.”

(RA 9501 inserted a new section numbered Sec. 6 after Sec. 5 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 7. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Council. — The existing Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council, which was created by Republic Act No. 6977, as amended by Republic Act No. 8289, shall be strengthened to effectively spur the growth and development of MSMEs throughout the country, and to carry out the policy declared in this Act and shall now be known as the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Council. The Council shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be constituted within sixty (60) days after the approval of this Act.

The Council shall be the primary agency responsible for the promotion, growth and development of small and medium enterprises in the country by way of facilitating and closely coordinating national efforts to promote the viability and growth of small and medium enterprises, including assisting relevant agencies in the tapping of local and foreign funds for small and medium enterprise development, as well as promoting the use of existing programs, as well as seeking ways to maximize the use of our labor resources.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 7 further amended Section 6 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and renumbered it as Section 7)
SEC. 7-A. Composition. — The Council shall be headed by the Secretary of Trade and Industry as Chairman, and may elect from among themselves a Vice-chairman to preside over the Council meetings in the absence of the Chairman. The members shall be the following:

a) Secretary of Agriculture;
b) Secretary of the Interior and Local Government;
c) Secretary of Science and Technology;
d) Secretary of Tourism;
e) Chairman of Small Business Corporation;
f) Three (3) representatives from the MSME sector to represent Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao;
g) One representative from the labor sector, to be nominated by accredited labor groups; and
h) A representative from the private banking sector: to serve alternately among the Chamber of Thrift Banks; the Rural Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (RBAP); and the Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (BAP).

All members of the Council so appointed, except for the ex officio members, shall serve for a term of three (3) years. The person so appointed to replace a member who has resigned, died, or been removed for cause shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term.

The private sector members of the Council shall receive per diem of Two thousand pesos (P2,000) per meeting, for a maximum of twenty-four (24) meetings per year, which per diem may be adjusted by the MSMED Council as appropriate.

The Council may call upon the participation of any national or local government agency, association of local government officials or private sector organization in its deliberations especially when such agency or private sector organization is directly or indirectly concerned with and/or affecting the growth and development of MSMEs in any particular area or manner.

The Council may create an Executive Committee of five (5) members elected by the Council from among themselves or their designated permanent representatives, with at least two (2) members representing the private sector, and with authority to act for and on behalf of the Council during intervals of
council meetings, and within the specific authority granted by the Council.

(RA 9501 through Section 8, further amended Section 7 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and renumbered it as Section 7-A)

SEC. 7-B. Powers and Functions. — The MSMED Council shall have the following powers, duties and functions:

a) To help establish the needed environment and opportunities conducive to the growth and development of the MSME sector;

b) To recommend to the President and the Congress all policy matters affecting MSMEs;

c) To coordinate and integrate various government and private sector activities relating to MSME development;

d) To review existing policies of government agencies that would affect the growth and development of MSMEs and recommend changes to the President and Congress through the Committee on Economic Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship Development of the House of Representatives, whenever deemed necessary. This shall include efforts to simplify rules and regulations, as well as review of the applicability and relevance of procedural and documentary requirements in the registration, financing, and other activities relevant to MSMEs the result shall be included in the annual report to be submitted to Congress;

e) To monitor and determine the progress of various agencies geared towards the development of the sector. This shall include overseeing, in coordination with local government units and the Department of Interior and Local Government as well as private sector groups/associations, the development among MSMEs;

f) To promulgate implementing guidelines, programs, and operating principles as may be deemed proper and necessary in the light of government policies and objectives of this Act;

g) To provide the appropriate policy and coordinative framework in assisting relevant government agencies, in coordination with the NEDA and the Coordinating Council for the Philippine Assistance Program, as may be necessary, in the tapping of local and foreign funds for MSME development;
h) To promote the productivity and viability of MSMEs by way of directing and/or assisting relevant government agencies and institutions at the national, regional and provincial levels towards the:

1) Provision of business training courses, technical training for technicians and skilled laborers and continuing skills upgrading programs;

2) Provision of labor-management guidance, assistance and improvement of the working conditions of employees in MSMEs;

3) Provision of guidance and assistance regarding product quality/product development and product diversification;

4) Provision of guidance and assistance for the adoption of improved production techniques and commercialization of appropriate technologies for the product development and for increased utilization of indigenous raw materials;

5) Provision of assistance in marketing and distribution of products of MSMEs through local supply-demand information, industry and provincial profiles, overseas marketing promotion, domestic market linkaging and the establishment of common service facilities such as common and/or cooperative bonded warehouse, grains storage, agro-processing and drying facilities, ice plants, refrigerated storage, cooperative trucking facilities, etc;

6) Intensification of assistance and guidance to enable greater access to credit through a simplified multi-agency financing program; to encourage development of other modes of financing such as leasing and venture capital activities; to provide effective credit guarantee systems, and encourage the formation of credit guarantee associations, including setting up of credit records and information systems and to decentralize loan approval mechanisms;

7) Provision of concessional interest rates, lower financing fees, which may include incentives for prompt credit payments, arrangements tying amortizations to business cash flows, effective substitution of government guarantee cover on loans for the borrower’s lack of collateral;

8) Provision of bankruptcy preventive measures through the setting up of a mutual relief system for distressed enterprises, and the establishment of measures such as insurance against
extraordinary disasters;

9) Intensification of information dissemination campaigns and entrepreneurship education activities;

10) Availment of and easier access to tax credits and other tax and duty incentives as provided by the Omnibus Investment Code and other laws;

11) Provision of support for product experimentation and research and development activities as well as access to information on commercialized technologies; and

12) Through appropriate government agencies:

   a) Provide more infrastructure facilities and public utilities to support operations of MSMEs;

   b) Establish, operate, and administer a small business incubation program in coordination with academic institutions, Department of Science and Technology and other appropriate government entities that will provide space for start-up and expanding firms, shared use of equipment and work areas, daily management support services essential to high-quality commercial operations, technical assistance and other services to develop innovative and deserving MSMEs;

   c) Conduct a nationwide information campaign with the Philippine Information Agency that shall inform the public of all programs and services, government and nongovernment, available to MSMEs;

   d) Provide local and international network and linkages for MSME development;

   e) Compile and integrate statistical databank on Philippine MSMEs;

   f) Set-up new MSME centers and revitalize already established MSME centers to provide MSMEs in the regions easier access to services such as, but not limited to, the following:

      i. Accept and act on all registration applications of MSMEs;
ii. Streamline registration process and facilitate speedy registration for the establishment of business enterprises in the country;

iii. Provide all information and referral services it shall deem necessary or essential to the development and promotion of MSMEs;

iv. Conduct other programs or projects for entrepreneurial development in their respective areas; and

v. Provide courses and development programs, training, advice, consultation on business conceptualization and feasibility, financing, management, capacity building, human resources, marketing, and such other services to support the needs of MSMEs;

g) To submit to the President and the Congress through the Oversight Committee as defined under this Act, a yearly report on the status of MSMEs in the country, including the progress and impact of all relevant government policies, programs and legislation as well as private sector activities;

h) To coordinate, monitor and assess the implementation of the MSMEDP, and when necessary, institute appropriate adjustments thereon in the light of changing conditions in both domestic and international environment; and

i) Generally, to exercise all powers and functions necessary for the objectives and purposes of this Act.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 9 amended Section 8 of RA 6977 as amended by RA 8289 and renumbered it as Section 7-B)

SEC. 8. Designation of the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development as Council Secretariat. — The Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development (BSMBD) hereinafter referred to as the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (BMSMED) is hereby designated to act as the Council Secretariat and shall have the following duties and functions:

1) to prepare, in coordination with local government units and or associations of local government officials, and recommend annual as well as medium-term small and medium enterprise development plans for approval of the Council;
2) to coordinate the preparation of position papers and background materials for discussion or approval of the Council meetings;

3) to assist the Council in coordinating and monitoring small and medium enterprise policies and programs and activities of all government agencies with respect to small and medium enterprises;

4) to prepare, collate and integrate all inputs to the Council’s yearly report on the status of small and medium enterprises in the country;

5) to submit periodic reports to the Council on the progress and accomplishment of its work programs; and

6) to perform ad hoc functions as authorized by the Council.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 10 amended Section 9 of RA 6977 as amended by RA 8289 and renumbered it as Section 8)

SEC. 9. Appropriations. — To finance its activities and operational expenses, the Council shall have a separate annual appropriation approved by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) which shall be provided in the General Appropriations Act starting in the fiscal year immediately following the approval of this Act. The Council may also accept contributions from the private sector.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 11 inserted after Section 9 of RA 6977 as amended by RA 8289, a new section and numbered it as Section 9)

SEC. 10. Rationalization of Existing MSME Programs and Agencies. - The MSMED Council shall conduct continuing review of government programs for MSMEs and submit to Congress and the President a report thereon together with its policy recommendations.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 12 amended Section 10 of RA 6977 as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 11. Creation of Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation. - There is hereby created a body corporate to be known as the Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation, hereinafter referred to as the Small Business Corporation (SB Corporation), which shall be charged with the primary responsibility of implementing comprehensive policies and
programs to assist MSMEs in all areas, including but not limited to finance and information services, training and marketing.

(Republic Act 9501 through Sec. 13 amended Section 11 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 11-A. Composition of the Board of Directors and its Powers. — The SB Corporation corporate powers shall be vested on a Board of Directors composed of eleven (11) members which shall include the following:

a) The Secretary of Trade and Industry;

b) The Secretary of Finance;

c) A private sector representative to be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the MSMED Council;

d) Seven (7) representatives of the SB Corporation common stock shareholders who shall be elected based on proportional distribution, in accordance with Section 24 of the Corporation Code; and

e) The president of the SB Corporation as ex-officio member and to serve as vice chairman of the Board.

The President shall appoint the chairman of the Board from among its members.

All members of the Board so appointed, except for the ex-officio members, shall serve for a term of three (3) years without reappointment. The person so appointed to replace a member who has resigned, died, or been removed for cause shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term.

The Board of Directors shall have, among others, the following specific powers and authorities:

a) Formulate policies necessary to carry out effectively the provisions of this charter and to prescribe, amend and repeal by-laws, rules and regulations for the effective operations of the small business corporation;

b) Establish such branches, agencies and subsidiaries as may be deemed necessary and convenient;
c) Compromise or release, in whole or in part, any claim or liability whatsoever for or against the SB Corporation, including interest, penalties, fees and/or other charges in accordance to its own bylaws and Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas rules;

d) Fix the features of non-voting preferred shares which shall be printed on the stock certificates evidencing the same;

e) Exercise all such other powers as may be necessary or incidental to carry out the SB Corporation’s purposes; and

f) Notwithstanding the provisions of Republic Act No. 6758 and Compensation Circular No. 10, Series of 1989 issued by the Department of Budget and Management, the Board shall have the authority to provide for the organizational structure and staffing pattern of SB Corporation and to extend to the employees and personnel thereof salaries, allowances and fringe benefits similar to those extended to and currently enjoyed by employees and personnel of other government financial institutions.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 15 inserted a new sub-section after Section 11 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 11-B. Corporate Structure and Powers. — The SB Corporation shall:

a) be administratively attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be under the policy and program supervision of the MSMED Council;

b) have its principal offices in Metro Manila and whenever necessary, establish branch office in the provinces; and

c) exercise all the general powers expressly conferred by law upon corporations under the Corporation Code, including those powers that are incidental or necessary to the attainment of the objective of this Act.

For this purpose, the SB Corporation subject to compliance with the rules and regulations to be issued by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, shall have the following functions and duties:

a) Source and adopt development initiatives for globally competitive MSMES in finance and business technologies;
b) To extend all forms of financial assistance to eligible MSMEs. SB Corporation may also engage in wholesale lending. The SB Corporation shall be given two (2) years from the effectivity of this Act to comply with this requirement;

c) Guarantee loans obtained by qualified MSMEs under such terms and conditions adopted by the SB Corporation Board of Directors;

d) Hold, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own real and personal property, introduce necessary improvements thereon and to sell, mortgage, encumber or otherwise dispose of the same as may be necessary in the normal course of business;

e) Formulate means and methods of accepting alternative collaterals and implementing alternative loan evaluation models;

f) Apply for, receive and accept grants and donations from sources within and outside the country; and

g) Hold, own, purchase, acquire, sell, mortgage, dispose or otherwise invest or re-invest in stocks, bonds, treasury bills, debentures, securities and similar forms of indebtedness of the government, its agencies and instrumentalities or any government financial institution.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 14 inserted a new sub-section after Section 11 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 12. Capitalization and Funding of the SB Corporation. — The SB Corporation shall have an authorized capital stock of Ten billion pesos (P10,000,000,000.00). The initial capital of One billion pesos (P1,000,000,000.00) shall be established from a pool of funds to be contributed in the form of equity investments in common stock by the Land Bank of the Philippines (LBP), the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP), in the amount of Two hundred million pesos (P200,000,000.00) each. The Social Security System (SSS) and the Government Service Insurance System (GSIS) shall also set aside Two hundred million pesos (P200,000,000.00) each for the SB Corporation. Authorized capital stock of the small business corporation shall be divided into 80,000,000 common shares and 20,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of One hundred pesos (P100.00) per share: Provided, That the common shares which have been issued, including those issued against the assets of the KKK Guaranty Fund consolidated under the small business corporation by virtue of Executive Order No. 233, Series of 2000 and Executive Order No. 19, Series of 2001 and including those already
subscribed, shall form part of the capitalization of the corporation: Provided, further, That holders of preferred shares issued under Republic Act No. 6977, as amended, shall have the option to convert the same into common shares. Additional equity funding shall come from trust placements of excess and unused funds of existing government agencies, bilateral and multilateral official development assistance funds, subscriptions from government owned or controlled corporations, and investments of private financial institutions and corporations: Provided, finally, That any investment from the private sector shall only be in the form of preferred shares.

To allow for capital build-up, SB Corporation shall be given a five (5) year grace period on dividend commitments beginning on the date of effectivity of this amendment. Thereafter, it may only declare as dividend not more than thirty percent (30%) of its net income and the rest withheld as retained earnings.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 16 amended Section 12 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 13. The SB Corporation shall be subject to the supervision and examination of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas taking into consideration its developmental objectives.

SEC. 14. Venture Capital and Micro Finance Trust Fund. — The SB Corporation may set aside an amount of money to encourage the setting up of a venture capital and micro finance trust fund for the purpose of promoting business opportunities available to MSME sector. The Venture Capital Fund shall be used mainly for venture capital finance especially in technology-oriented industries. The micro finance trust fund shall be used to provide collateral-free fixed and working capital loans to micro and small enterprises run by those emerging out of poverty.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 17 inserted new Sections 13 and 14 after Section 12 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 15. Mandatory Allocation of Credit Resources to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.— For the period of ten (10) years from the date of the effectivity of this amendatory Act, all lending institutions as defined under Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas rules, whether public or private, shall set aside at least eight percent (8%) for micro and small enterprises and at least two percent (2%) for medium enterprises of their total loan portfolio based on their balance sheet as of the end of the previous quarter, and make it available for MSME credit as herein contemplated.

Compliance of this provision shall be:

a) actual extension of loans to eligible MSMEs; or
b) actual subscription of preferred shares of stock of the SB Corporation; or

c) wholesale lending to Participating Financial Institutions (PFIS) for on-lending to MSMEs; or

d) purchase/discount of MSMEs receivables; or

e) loans granted to export, import, and domestic traders subject to compliance with Section 3 of this Act; or

f) subscribe/purchase of liability instruments as may be offered by the SB Corporation.

The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall formulate rules for the effective implementation of this provision: Provided, That the purchase of government notes, securities and other negotiable instruments shall not be deemed compliance with the foregoing provisions: Provided, further, That the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall establish an incentive program to encourage lending to micro, small and medium industries beyond the mandatory credit allocation to said enterprises, such as possible reduction in bank’s reserve requirement.

The MSMED Council shall set up the appropriate systems to monitor all loan applications of MSMEs in order to account for the absorptive capacity of the MSME sector. The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall furnish to the MSMED Council on a quarterly basis comprehensive reports on the banks’ compliance, noncompliance and penalties of the above provisions on the mandatory credit allocation for MSMEs.

Lending institutions which are not qualified to acquire or hold lands of the public domain in the Philippines shall be permitted to bid and take part in sales of mortgaged real property in case of judicial or extra-judicial foreclosure, as well as avail of receivership, enforcement and other proceedings, solely upon default of a borrower, and for a period not exceeding five (5) years from actual possession: Provided, That in no event shall title to the property be transferred to such lending institution. If the lending institution is the winning bidder, it may, during said five (5) year period, transfer its rights to a qualified Philippine national, without prejudice to a borrower’s rights under applicable laws.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 18 amended Section 13 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, and renumbered it as Section 15)
SEC. 16. Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Week. — In order to institute continuing awareness of the primacy of small business in nation-building and in people empowerment, and to celebrate and espouse the firm commitment of the State in the promotion, growth and development of small business, the second week of July of every year shall be declared as the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Development Week. The MSMED Council, the Department of Trade and Industry, and the SB Corporation shall be jointly responsible in organizing activities for the event.

SEC. 17. Presidential Awards for Outstanding MSME. — Presidential awards for outstanding MSMEs and good MSME practices, consisting of rewards in cash or in kind shall be granted to one hundred percent (100%) filipino-owned companies and development partners during the MSME development week.

SEC. 18. Congressional Oversight Committee. — To monitor and oversee the implementation of this Act, there shall be a Congressional Oversight Committee on Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (COC-MSMED) composed of the chairpersons of the Senate Committee on Economic Affairs and the House Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship Development as chairperson and co-chairperson, respectively; five (5) members of each of the Senate and House of Representatives to include the chairpersons of the Senate committees on Trade and Commerce; and Banks, Financial Institutions and Currencies; and the chairpersons of the House committees on Trade and Industry, Banks and Financial Intermediaries, and Appropriations: Provided, That two (2) of the five Senators and two (2) of the five House Members shall be nominated by the respective minority leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The COC-MSMED shall set the guidelines and overall framework for the monitoring of the implementation of this Act and shall adopt its internal rules of procedure. The Secretariat of the COC-MSMED shall be drawn from the existing personnel of the Senate and House of Representatives committees comprising the COC-MSMED.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 19 inserted new Sections 16, 17 and 18 after Section 13 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

SEC. 19 - Penal Clause. - The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall impose administrative sanctions and other penalties on the lending institutions for non-compliance with provisions of this Act including a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00).
Penalties on noncompliance shall be directed to the development of the MSME sector. Ninety percent (90%) of the penalties collected should go to the MSMED Council Fund, while the remaining ten percent (10%) should be given to the BSP to cover for administrative expenses.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 20 amended Section 14 of the RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and renumbered it as Section 19)

SEC. 20. Implementing Rules and Regulations. — The Department of Trade and Industry, through the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Business Development and in consultation with other concerned government agencies, nongovernment organizations and private sector involved in the promotion of MSMEs, shall formulate the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) necessary to implement the provisions of this Act within ninety (90) days from the approval of this Act. The IRR issued pursuant to this Section shall take effect thirty (30) days after publication in a national newspaper of general circulation.

(RA 9501 through Sec. 2, inserted a new section after Section 14 of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289)

* This document prepared by the DTI-BMSMED presents the current/effective provisions of RA 6977, in order to provide ready reference for a complete laws on the Magna Carta for MSMEs.

**RA 9501 took effect on June 17, 2008, fifteen (15) days after its publication in two newspapers of general circulation as provided under Sec. 24 of the Act. The Act was published in the May 31, 2008 issue of the Malaya and in the June 2, 2008 issue of the Business Mirror.
RULES AND REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT
REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6977, AS AMENDED BY REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8289,
AND FURTHER AMENDED BY REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9501 OTHERWISE
KNOWN AS THE AMENDED “MAGNA CARTA FOR MICRO, SMALL
AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES”

Pursuant to Section 21 of Republic Act 9501, the following rules and regulations implementing the Magna Carta for MSMEs are hereby prescribed, adopted and promulgated for the guidance of all concerned to carry out the provisions thereof.

Rule 1
Preliminary Provisions on Title and Construction and Interpretation

SECTION 1. Title. These Rules shall be referred to as the “Implementing Rules and Regulations for Republic Act 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and further amended by RA 9501 and for brevity, it may be referred to as the IRR on the Magna Carta for MSMEs.

Sec. 2. Construction and Interpretation. These Rules shall be interpreted, construed and carried out the intents and purposes of the Declaration of Policy of RA 6977, as amended, and further amended by RA 9501 and which shall be made an integral section thereto.

Rule 2
Declaration of Policy and other General Policy Statements

SECTION 1. Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote, support, strengthen and encourage the growth and development of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in all productive sectors of the economy particularly rural/agri-based enterprises.
The State recognizes that MSMEs have the potential for more employment generation and economic growth and therefore can help provide a self-sufficient industrial foundation for the country.

To this end, the State shall recognize the specific needs of the MSME sector in general and each of its sub-sectors/categories, i.e., micro, small and medium enterprises. In this regard, it shall ensure coordinative and collaborative mechanisms to pursue the following:

a) promotion of entrepreneurship;
b) support to entrepreneurs;
c) encourage the establishment of MSMEs.

The State shall further ensure the continuing viability and growth of the MSMEs and thereby attain countryside industrialization by:

a) intensifying and expanding programs for training in entrepreneurship and for skills development for labor;
b) facilitating their access to sources of funds;
c) assuring to them access to a fair share of government contracts and related incentives and preferences;
d) complementing and supplementing financing programs for MSMEs and doing away with stringent and burdensome collateral requirements that micro and small entrepreneurs invariably find extreme difficulty complying with;
e) instituting safeguards for the protection and stability of the credit delivery system;
f) raising government efficiency and effectiveness in providing assistance to MSMEs throughout the country, at the least cost;
g) promoting linkages between large and small enterprises, and by encouraging the establishment of common service facilities;
h) making the private sector a partner in the task of building up MSMEs through the promotion and participation of private voluntary organizations, viable industry associations, and cooperatives; and
i) assuring a balanced and sustainable development through the establishment of a feedback and evaluation mechanism.
that will monitor the economic contributions as well as bottlenecks and environmental effects of the development of MSMEs.

(Sec. 2, RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, and further amended by RA 9501)

Sec. 2. Local Economic Development. Pursuant to the Constitution, the Local Government Code and other existing laws, local economic development and current efforts and initiatives of local government units (LGUs) and other stakeholders towards providing an enabling environment for MSME development, shall be a thrust of this IRR. In this regard, technical support and coordination with existing structural mechanisms promoting MSMEs and entrepreneurship development in LGUs, particularly of provinces and non-component cities, shall be prioritized. This shall also be applicable to the cities and municipalities in the National Capital Region. Collaborative arrangements with other mechanisms involved in local economic development must be pursued to avoid duplication of efforts and to ensure coordinated actions.

Sec. 3. Identification of Replicable Practices, Barriers and Hindrances. To pursue this policy, replicable practices such as facilitative mechanisms in the country as well as those implemented in other countries shall be studied, adopted or adapted to ensure that this policy is implemented subject to existing laws, orders, rules, and regulations implemented in this jurisdiction. On the other hand, existing barriers and other hindrances in furtherance of this policy, particularly in the countryside and other areas where pockets of poverty exist, shall be reviewed and appropriate policies put in place, as may be warranted.

Sec. 4. Micro enterprises. With the enactment of RA 9501 amending RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, micro enterprises shall now be made part of the coverage of the Act separate and distinct from small enterprises. In this regard, the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council (MSMEDC) shall consider the provisions under RA 8425 or the Social Reform and Poverty Alleviation Act; RA 9178 or the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises (BMBEs) Act of 2002; RA 7844 or the Export Development Act; and, Republic Act No. 7882 on the Act Providing Assistance to Women Engaging in Micro and Cottage Business Enterprises, in encouraging the establishment of micro enterprises and strengthening existing ones. For the purpose of coordinating with different concerned government entities to enhance assistance to this sub-sector, the beneficiaries of the above-mentioned laws shall be identified.

With regard to microfinance services for the exclusive use of the poor, the MSMEDC and the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP), shall coordinate with the National Anti-Poverty Commission (NAPC) on enjoining government
financial institutions to open credit and savings windows for the poor, and advocating the creation of such windows for the poor among private banking institutions pursuant to the thrusts of the NAPC under RA 8425, particularly on Title 1, Section 5 (8).

Rule 3
Definition of MSMEs and Related Provisions Therein

SECTION 1. MSMEs Defined. MSMEs shall be defined as any business activity or enterprise, whether single proprietorship, cooperative, partnership or corporation, engaged in the following:

a) industry,
b) agribusiness,
c) trade, and
d) services.

Business activities belonging to the above major sectors are defined as follows:

a) Industry shall refer to set of all production units engaged primarily in the same or similar kinds of productive activities. The following are the major industry divisions: agriculture, hunting and forestry; fishing; mining and quarrying; manufacturing; electricity, gas and water supply; construction; wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods; hotels and restaurants; transport, storage and communication; financial intermediation; real estate, renting and business activities; public administration and defense; compulsory social security; education; health and social work; other community, social and personal service activities; private household with employed persons; and extra-territorial organizations and bodies. This term is used for disaggregating other labor and employment measures, e.g., total number of employed persons by major industry divisions;

b) Agri-business shall refer to the production and processing of agricultural and fishery products (including their by-products and wastes), biofuels, feeds and organic fertilizers. The processing of agricultural products by the entity must be integrated with its own production/plantation or with contract growing arrangement;

c) Trade shall refer to the business of buying and selling commodities. The concept of ‘trade’ is centered on the simple activity of the exchange of goods and/or services; and,

d) Services shall refer to entities that are principally engaged in the sale of service to individuals for their own or household use
and is generally recognized as such. It shall include the practice of one’s profession (i.e., professions for which Professional Regulations Commissions (PRC) license is issued), and the operation of tourism related establishment.

Sec. 2. **Categories of MSMEs.** In determining the specific category of a business activity or enterprise, i.e., whether it is a micro, small or medium enterprise, the value of its total assets, inclusive of those arising from loans but exclusive of the land on which the particular business entity’s office, plant and equipment are situated, must be computed.

Sec. 3. **Valuation of Assets.** Cash consisting of Philippine currency shall be valued at actual currency value; if in foreign currency, it shall be valued at the official exchange rate as prescribed by the BSP. Other assets shall be generally valued at acquisition or historical cost, net of a reasonable amount for depreciation as determined under General Auditing and Accounting Principles (GAAP) if the asset is depreciable, or book value, whichever is higher. Real property shall be valued at acquisition cost, net of depreciation; however, if no sufficient proof is submitted as to its acquisition cost, the same shall be valued at current zonal value as established by the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR). The current zonal values may be secured from the appropriate BIR- Revenue District Office.

Sec. 4. **Values of each MSME category.** The total values for each category, after excluding the identified land, based on the abovementioned rule shall be as follows:

- **micro**: not more than P3,000,000
- **small**: P3,000,001 - P 15,000,000
- **medium**: P15,000,001 - P100,000,000

Sec. 5. **Procedure for review and adjustment of the above definitions.** The MSMEDC, based on its semestral review and validation of the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Development Plan (MSMEDP), or upon recommendation of sectoral organizations concerned, shall review and adjust, as may be necessary, the above definitions taking into account inflation and other economic indicators.

The MSMEDC may use other variables such as number of employees, equity capital and assets size, which may vary for each category and business activity or enterprise.

Any adjustment made by the MSMEDC on the definition and categories of MSMEs upon its own review or upon the recommendation of the private sectors concerned, shall be upon a majority vote by the Council of its total membership. The adjustment of the definition and categories of MSMEs cannot be delegated
to the Executive Committee of the said Council.

The recommendation of the private sectors concerned shall be in the form of a Resolution signed by the authorized representatives or officers, whichever is applicable, of the association or union of those engaged or belonging to said sectors.

Sec. 6. The Council shall ensure that notwithstanding the plans and programs set for MSMEs as a whole, there shall be set and implemented other plans and programs varied and distinct from each other, according to the specific needs of each category, encouraging MSMEs to graduate from one category to the next or even higher category.

Rule 4
Eligibility for Government Assistance

SECTION 1. Eligibility for Government Assistance. For MSMEs to qualify for assistance, counseling, incentives and promotion under this IRR as provided for by RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and further amended by RA 9501, they must be:

a) duly registered with the appropriate agencies as presently provided by law. Provided, That in the case of micro enterprises as defined herein, registration, with the office of the municipal or city treasurer, shall be deemed sufficient compliance with this requirement. In the case of micro enterprises, the MSMEDC shall review the applicability of the process for registration provided for under RA 9178 or the BMBE Law and other existing laws in view of current replicable practices on simplification of procedures of local government units. This shall be done with concerned agencies such as the Department of Finance and Leagues of Cities and Municipalities. Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, the MSMED shall, through a resolution, provide the guidelines for the registration of micro enterprises, with the office of the municipal or city treasurer, to qualify for assistance, counseling, incentives and promotion under RA 6977, as amended.

The guidelines pertinent to small and medium enterprises shall likewise be included in the above-mentioned resolution.

In the case of incentives for MSMEs provided for in other laws such as, but not inclusive to, the Investments Priorities Plan, the requirements of the concerned agencies for availment of incentives shall be applicable.

b) one hundred percent (100%) owned, capitalized by Filipino citizens, whether single proprietorship or partnership. If the enterprise is a juridical entity, at least sixty percent (60%) of its capital or outstanding stocks
must be owned by Filipino citizens;

c) a business activity within the major sectors of the economy, namely: industry, trade, services, including the practice of one’s profession, the operation of tourism-related establishments, and agri-business, which for the purposes of this Act refers to any business activity involving the manufacturing, processing, and/or production of agricultural produce. Business activities involving fisheries, aquatic resources and other related industries shall likewise be covered by this Act.

d) a business activity as provided in Section 3 of this Rule which is not a branch, subsidiary or division of a large scale enterprise.

However, this requirement shall not preclude MSMEs from accepting subcontracts and entering into franchise partnership with large enterprises or from joining in cooperative activities with other MSMEs.

Sec. 2. Coverage of Small Business Corporation (SB Corporation). Programs of the Small Business Corporation (SB Corporation) as provided in subsequent provisions of this Act shall be exclusively delivered and directed to bonafide MSMEs. The SB Corporation shall make known through all its offices and partner organizations its current programs pertaining to bonafide MSMEs.

Sec. 3. Disqualification of MSMEs as Beneficiaries under RA 6977, as amended. Any MSME, its directors, officers or agents, found to have committed fraud or misrepresentation for the purpose of availing the benefits under this Act shall be immediately disqualified as a beneficiary, without prejudice to any administrative, criminal or civil liability under existing laws.

Sec. 4. Share of MSMEs in Government Procurement. Eligible MSMEs shall be entitled to a share of at least ten percent (10%) of total procurement value of goods and services supplied to the Government, its bureaus, offices and agencies annually.

Sec. 5. Monitoring on Required Government Procurement. The Department of Budget and Management shall monitor the compliance of government agencies on the required procurement for MSMEs, as provided for in Sec. 4 of this Rule, and submit its report to the MSMEDC on a semestral basis, and to the Congress of the Philippines, through its appropriate committees on a yearly basis.
Rule 5
Guiding Principles

SECTION. 1. Minimal Set of Rules and Simplification of Procedures and Requirements. All government agencies having to do with MSMEs shall pursue the principle of minimum regulation to ensure stability of rules and to encourage entrepreneurial spirit among the citizenry. The agencies shall see to it that procedural rules and requirements, within their respective offices and in coordination with other agencies, are minimized in the act of registration, availment of financing and in accessing other government services and assistance.

Sec. 2. Role of the Private Sector. In order to hasten growth and expansion of micro, small and medium enterprises, the private sector throughout the country shall be encouraged to assist in the effective implementation of RA 9501 and this IRR by participating in government programs for MSMEs for the attainment of the purposes hereof. To encourage private sector participation, the MSMED Council, in consultation with the concerned sector, may recommend a simplified procedure and localized incentives to MSMEs. The Government shall encourage the organization and establishment of MSME industry associations at the local and regional levels, where none exists, and their strengthening if already established. To ensure collective actions and initiatives, MSME industry associations preferably be unified under a national federation/association.

Sec. 3. Coordination of Government Efforts. Government efforts shall be coordinated to achieve coherence in objectives. All appropriate offices, particularly those under the Departments of Trade and Industry, Finance, Budget and Management, Agriculture, Agrarian Reform, Environment, Transportation and Communications, Public Works and Highways, Science and Technology, Interior and Local Government, and Tourism, as well as the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA), Philippine Information Agency (PIA), and the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP), through their national, regional and provincial offices shall, to the best of their efforts and in coordination with local government units, provide the necessary support and assistance to MSMEs.

Sec. 4. Decentralization. The State shall accelerate the decentralization process by establishing regional and provincial offices in order to enhance and attain greater efficiency in the provision of services to the countryside and the implementation of RA 9501, in coordination with local government units. To this end, the government agencies shall effect a substantial delegation of authority to their regional and provincial offices to make decisions, particularly in the registration of beneficiaries, qualification for availment of benefits, accreditation of private voluntary organizations, industry associations and cooperatives, and to resolve complaints for violation of applicable laws.
Rule 6
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Plan (MSMEDP)

SECTION 1. MSMEDP Approving and Recommending Authorities. The President shall approve a six-year micro, small and medium enterprises development plan prepared by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), through the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (BMSMED) and endorsed by the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council (MSMEDC), which shall form part of the Medium Term Philippine Development Plan (MTPDP). It shall be formulated in consultation with the private sector, validated and updated semestrally. Such plan shall include a component on a micro credit financing scheme, which shall take into consideration current government programs on microfinance consistent with its definition under the Social Reform and Poverty Alleviation Act or RA 8425 earlier mentioned in Rule 2, Section 4 of this IRR.

Sec. 2. Mechanism for Micro Credit Financing Scheme. In the development of the microcredit financing scheme to be included in the MSMEDP, the MSMEDC shall coordinate with the National Anti-Poverty Commission (NAPC) and the Department of Finance-National Credit Council (DOF-NCC) in establishing policies and programs pursuant to the intents and thrusts of the laws granting mandates to these Councils to do so. Existing mandates on government agencies, such as the People’s Credit and Finance Corporation (PCFC) microfinancing responsibilities under RA 8425, and replicable practices of non-governmental organizations and cooperatives, shall be considered. The BMSMED and the MSMEDC shall ensure that these micro-financing institutions shall be represented in all consultations and deliberations on the matter.

Sec. 3. Separate Category Plans for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. The MSMEDP shall have separate category plans for micro, small and medium enterprises taking into consideration the specific needs of each category. Each category plan shall be based on updated statistics and such other relevant information to ensure its applicability and timeliness for the benefit of the MSMEs. The MSMEDP shall also ensure that policies and programs by industry are assessed and formulated accordingly through a value-chain analysis or such other tools on enterprise resource planning.

Sec. 4. Coordination, Monitoring and Assessment of the MSMEDP. The MSMEDC shall coordinate, monitor and assess the implementation of the MSMEDP. It shall also receive and make appropriate and timely decisions on the annual and medium-term MSME development plans as submitted by the Council Secretariat.
Rule 7
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Council

SECTION 1. Strengthening of the Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council. The existing Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council, which was created by Republic Act No. 6977, as amended by Republic Act No. 8289, shall, pursuant to RA 9501, be strengthened to effectively spur the growth and development of MSMEs throughout the country, and to carry out the policy declared in the Act. It shall now be known as the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Council or for brevity, MSMEDC. The Council shall be the primary agency responsible for the promotion, growth and development of small and medium enterprises in the country by way of facilitating and closely coordinating national efforts to promote the viability and growth of small and medium enterprises, including assisting relevant agencies in the tapping of local and foreign funds for small and medium enterprise development, as well as promoting the use of existing programs, as well as seeking ways to maximize the use of our labor resources.

Sec. 2. Attachment of the MSMEDC to the DTI. The MSMEDC shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be constituted within sixty (60) days after the approval of RA 9501.

Sec. 3. Composition. The Council shall be headed by the Secretary of Trade and Industry as Chairperson, and may elect from among themselves a Vice-chairperson to preside over the Council meetings in the absence of the Chairperson. The members shall be the following:

a) Secretary of Agriculture;
b) Secretary of the Interior and Local Government;
c) Secretary of Science and Technology;
d) Secretary of Tourism;
e) Chairperson of Small Business Corporation;
f) Three (3) representatives from the MSME sector to represent Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao;
g) One representative from the labor sector, to be nominated by accredited labor groups; and
h) A representative from the private banking sector: to serve alternately among the Chamber of Thrift Banks; the Rural Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (RBAP); and the Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (BAP).

Sec. 4. MSME and Labor Representation in the MSMEDC. For the purpose of appointing the MSME and Labor Sector representatives in the MSMEDC, the Chair of the MSMEDC shall, within fifteen (15) days from the effectivity of this IRR, constitute a nominations committee composed of the five ex-officio members of the MSMEDC as members. The nominations committee shall,
within fifteen (15) days from their constitution, initiate the process of selection which shall include the setting of criteria for selection and the process for accepting nominations from accredited labor groups, in the case of the labor sector representative, and by recognized trade associations, chambers, cooperatives, and/or business organizations, in the case of the MSME representatives. The nominations committee may also utilize existing guidelines on selection of Council members which shall include gender representation. They may also include as part of their selection process the identification of MSME nominees by category, i.e., micro, small and medium but shall ensure that each of the major island groupings, i.e., Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao, shall have one representative each.

The nominations committee, within forty five (45) days from its constitution shall submit a shortlist of nominees to the Chair of the MSMEDC who shall then endorse the shortlist to the President for appointment. The BMSMED shall assist the nominations committee in the selection process and shall ensure that the nominees involvement in local or regional activities concerning MSMEs shall be presented, with regard to the MSME representatives. The BMSMED shall also ensure that it shall receive from the appropriate government agency the current list of accredited labor groups.

Sec. 5. Term of Office. All members of the Council so appointed, except for the ex-officio members, shall serve for a term of three (3) years. The person so appointed to replace a member who has resigned, died, or been removed for cause shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term.

In the case of the private banking sector, the three (3) year term shall be served alternately by the identified associations at one (1) year each. The sequence of service shall be based on the agreement reached by the bank associations. The bank associations shall inform the MSMEDC in writing of their representatives and the particular part of the term that he/she shall serve.

Sec. 6. Authorized Per Diems and other expenses. The private sector members of the Council shall receive per diem of Two thousand pesos (P2,000) per meeting, for a maximum of twenty-four (24) meetings per year. Said per diem may be adjusted by the MSMED Council as appropriate. Accommodation, travel and transportation expenses and meals during meetings shall not be included in the afore-mentioned per diem and shall be shouldered by the MSMEDC. The per diems and other expenses shall be taken from the MSMEDC’s appropriations under the General Appropriations Act.

Sec. 7. Resource Persons during deliberations. The Council may call upon the participation of any national or local government agency, association of local government officials or private sector organization in its deliberations.
especially when such agency or private sector organization is directly or indirectly concerned with and/or affecting the growth and development of MSMEs in any particular area or manner.

In case the deliberations pertain to micro credit finance and its beneficiaries, the MSMEDC shall ensure that these shall be held in coordination with the Department of Finance-National Credit Council (DOF-NCC). The NAPC and other government agencies, non-government organizations and cooperatives currently involved in providing financial services to the poor, such as the PCFC, shall be invited as resource persons.

Identified agencies with mandated responsibilities under RA 6977, as amended, shall be invited to be permanent resource persons in the MSMEDC meetings. These are the following: a) National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) in accordance with Sec. 7-B (g); b) Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas in accordance with Sec 15 and other relevant provisions, and (c) identified representatives of the Chair and Co-Chair of the Congressional Oversight Committee for MSMED (COC) shall be invited to be permanent resource persons in the MSMEDC meetings. The key role of the Philippine Information Agency in information dissemination and promotion as emphasized by its inclusion, through RA 9501 in Sec. 5(c) is recognized and mechanisms shall be put in place by the MSMEDC Secretariat in coordinating with the PIA with regard to new policies and programs put into place pursuant to RA 6977, as amended.

Sec. 8. MSMEDC Executive Committee. The Council may create an Executive Committee of five (5) members elected by the Council from among themselves or their designated permanent representatives, with at least two (2) members representing the private sector, and with authority to act for and on behalf of the Council during intervals of council meetings, and within the specific authority granted by the Council. The designated permanent representatives shall at least be an Assistant Secretary. Should said official be unable to attend the meeting, she/he may designate for that specific instance, a representative no lower than Director IV level to exercise voting rights. For purposes of clarifying this provision, private sector shall refer to the appointees of the President from among the MSMEs.

**Rule 8**

**Powers, Duties and Functions of the MSMEDC**

SECTION. 1. **Purpose of the MSMEDC and Guidelines on Its Powers, Duties and Functions.** The MSMED Council shall help establish the needed environment and opportunities conducive to the growth and development of the MSME sector. In this regard, it shall ensure that within one hundred eighty (180) days from its reconstitution under these Rules and pursuant to the spirit and intent of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, and further
amended by RA 9501, it shall deliberate on and subsequently approve the following, through Council Resolutions:

a) Guidelines on the promotion of the productivity and viability of MSMEs in coordination with relevant government agencies and institutions at the national, regional and provincial levels particularly as regards the role of the MSMEDC in “directing and/or assisting” the above agencies and institutions. This may include the MSMEDC’s role as a clearing house; appropriate processes to resolve conflicting policies, and, mechanisms for the agencies and institutions to adhere to the MSMED Plan through creation of policies or amend/revise existing policies;

b) a results-based monitoring system for policies and programs for MSMEs which shall also consider the establishment of a feedback and evaluation mechanism as provided for by Sec 2 (i) of RA 6977, as amended and further amended;

c) identification of the timelines and consultation process for the submission of annual reports to the President and Congress;

d) identification of timelines for its action and contents of periodic reports to be submitted to the MSMEDC by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, the Department of Budget and Management and such other agencies of government and the private sector as identified under this IRR or as may be required by the MSMEDC in order to perform its duties and functions;

e) overall developmental plans and strategies of SB Corporation pursuant to the MSMEDC’s policy and program supervision over the Corporation in order to promote its operations; and,

f) identification of officials responsible for the setting-up of other monitoring systems and such other mechanisms as provided for by this Act or as may be necessary to perform its duties and functions.

Sec. 2. Recommendation to the President and Congress of Policy Matters. The MSMEDC shall recommend to the President and the Congress all policy matters affecting MSMEs. In this regard, the report shall be submitted on a semestral basis, with the end-of-June submission identifying proposed legislation which the President may consider in the preparation of the State of the Nation Address. To pursue its mandate for the rationalization of existing MSME programs and agencies, the MSMEDC shall conduct a continuing review of government programs for MSMEs and shall likewise submit to Congress and the President a report thereon together with its policy recommendations.
Sec. 3. *Coordination and Integration of Various Activities*. The MSMEDC shall coordinate and integrate various government and private sector activities relating to MSME development. In this regard, the MSMEDC shall receive the written annual reports from the MSMEDCs of the cities and municipalities of the National Capital Region, and the Provincial and City MSMEDCs. Pursuant to the mandate to the DTI under Sec. 6 of RA 6977, as amended and further amended, to prepare the MSMEDP, the MSMEDC shall be provided the consolidated reports of the DTI Regional Operations and Development Group (RODG).

Sec. 4. *Review of Government Policies*. The MSMEDC shall review existing policies of government agencies that would affect the growth and development of MSMEs. Within ninety (90) days from the approval of this IRR, the Council Secretariat shall submit, for the information of the MSMEDC a database of existing laws, their Implementing Rules and Regulations, department orders pursuant to the implementation of the laws and such other relevant policies. The Secretariat shall also submit, together with the database, the proposed monitoring system which will facilitate the review and recommendation process. The database shall include, but shall not be limited to the following laws: Local Government Code, General Banking Law, Social Reform and Poverty Alleviation Act, General Procurement Reform Law, BMBE Law, Export Development Act, Omnibus Incentives Law and the current Investments Priority Plan, Retail Law and Laws concerning Persons with Disabilities and Women engaged in Micro and Cottage Enterprises. The Council Secretariat shall update the database whenever a new law, relevant to MSMEs and RA 6977 as amended, is enacted, including department and executive issuances. In this regard, concerned agencies shall be requested to provide copies of their issuances to the Secretariat within thirty (30) days from their approval to ensure that the database is current.

Sec. 5. *Submission of Recommendations to Identified Offices*. The MSMEDC, pursuant to Sections 2 and 4 of this Rule, shall recommend changes to policies to the President and Congress through the Committee on Economic Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship Development of the House of Representatives. Said recommendations shall be submitted whenever deemed necessary and included in the annual report which shall be submitted by MSMED to the President and Congress.

This provision shall include efforts related to the registration, financing and other activities relevant to MSMEs, in particular:

a) to simplify rules and regulations, and

b) to review the applicability and relevance of procedural and documentary requirements.
Sec. 6. Monitoring of Progress on MSME Development. The MSMEDC shall monitor and determine the progress of various agencies geared towards the development of the sector. This shall include overseeing, in coordination with local government units and the Department of Interior and Local Government as well as private sector groups/associations, the development among MSMEs. In this regard, the State, in furtherance of this policy and the guiding principle of decentralization of RA 6977, as amended, recognizes the critical roles played by the local government units and regional development councils. Towards this end, all existing SMED Councils shall now be recognized as MSMEDCs and shall be reconstituted to ensure the participation of representatives from the micro, small and medium categories of MSMEs, if presently not adequately represented. This is pursuant to the Guiding Principles of RA 6977, as amended, emphasizing the partnership of the LGUs, the private sector groups and industry associations. The DTI City and Provincial Offices shall serve as the Secretariat of the respective councils.

To ensure the sustainability of existing and new MSMEDCs in provinces and non-component cities, and LGUs in NCR, technical assistance shall be provided by the DTI jointly with the DILG to the LGUs in the following: (a) creating, through ordinances, provincial and city MSMEDCs where none exists; or, (b) ensuring, through the appropriate ordinance, resolution or executive issuance, that the thrusts of existing multi-sectoral mechanisms, such as local development councils geared towards local economic development, shall include the integration of specific plans and directions for MSMEs and provide for MSME participation if there is none. Necessary appropriations shall be made an integral provision of the local ordinance. In the case of existing MSMEDCs, provinces and non-component cities, appropriate local policies shall be put in place for their sustainability. In the case of the National Capital Region, the DTI Regional Office shall coordinate with the Metro Manila Development Authority (MMDA) on appropriate steps to ensure a regional approach in MSME development, insofar as these are within the powers and functions of the MMDA.

Sec. 7. Promulgation of Implementing Guidelines and the like. The MSMEDC shall promulgate implementing guidelines, programs, and operating principles as may be deemed proper and necessary in the light of government policies and objectives of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and further amended by RA 9501 and this IRR.

Sec. 8. Policy and Coordinative Framework for Tapping of Funds for MSME Development. The MSMEDC shall provide the appropriate policy and coordinative framework in assisting relevant government agencies, in coordination with the NEDA and the Coordinating Council for the Philippine Assistance Program, as may be necessary, in the tapping of local and foreign funds for MSME development.
Sec. 9. *Promotion of Productivity and Viability of MSMEs.* The MSMEDC shall promote the productivity and viability of MSMEs by way of directing and/or assisting relevant government agencies and institutions at the national, regional and provincial levels towards the:

a) Provision of business training courses, technical training for technicians and skilled laborers and continuing skills upgrading programs;

b) Provision of labor-management guidance, assistance and improvement of the working conditions of employees in MSMEs;

c) Provision of guidance and assistance regarding product quality/product development and product diversification;

d) Provision of guidance and assistance for the adoption of improved production techniques and commercialization of appropriate technologies for the product development and for increased utilization of indigenous raw materials;

e) Provision of assistance in marketing and distribution of products of MSMEs through local supply-demand information, industry and provincial profiles, overseas marketing promotion, domestic market linkaging and the establishment of common service facilities such as common and/or cooperative bonded warehouse, grains storage, agro-processing and drying facilities, ice plants, refrigerated storage, cooperative trucking facilities, etc;

f) Intensification of assistance and guidance to enable greater access to credit through a simplified multi-agency financing program; to encourage development of other modes of financing such as leasing and venture capital activities; to provide effective credit guarantee systems, and encourage the formation of credit guarantee associations, including setting up of credit records and information systems and to decentralize loan approval mechanisms;

g) Provision of concessional interest rates, lower financing fees, which may include incentives for prompt credit payments, arrangements tying amortizations to business cash flows, effective substitution of government guarantee cover on loans for the borrower’s lack of collateral;

h) Provision of bankruptcy preventive measures through the setting up of a mutual relief system for distressed enterprises, and the establishment of measures such as insurance against extraordinary disasters;
i) Intensification of information dissemination campaigns and entrepreneurship education activities. Lending institutions and other agencies concerned with access to finance shall also ensure that their front-line officers and conduit banks, if any, have knowledge on promotion and assistance and initiatives of Local Government Units in the areas where the MSMEs are located as well as the current Investments Priorities Plan of the Board of Investments.

j) Availment of and easier access to tax credits and other tax and duty incentives as provided by the Omnibus Investment Code and other laws; and,

k) Provision of support for product experimentation and research and development activities as well as access to information on commercialized technologies.

In pursuance of the above, the MSMEDC shall ensure that concerns and issues on the implementation of RA 6977, as amended, shall be addressed by clustering said concerns and issues relative to the outcomes of the MSMED Plan, such as access to markets, access to finance, productivity and efficiency, and enabling environment.

In directing and/or assisting relevant government agencies and institutions at the national, regional and provincial levels, the MSMEDC shall ensure that the power to “direct” shall be geared towards harmonizing and facilitating the creation of appropriate policies/programs and shall consider the autonomy of each agency or institution to prescribe its procedures and other applicable actions pursuant to its mandates and thrusts under existing laws. The MSMEDC shall also initiate the signing of a Memorandum of Agreement with lead agencies involved in implementing Rules 8 and 9 of this IRR, which shall be identified by a MSMEDC Resolution, for the purpose of delineating the responsibilities of the parties in pursuing the provisions of RA 6977, as amended and further amended.

Thus, relevant government agencies and other institutions shall coordinate with industry associations, cooperatives and other concerned agencies in both the government and private sector. LGUs and provincial offices of government agencies are enjoined to provide facilities that will cater to the administrative and operational requirements of the greater majority of MSMEs in their respective areas.

With regard to capacity building programs, concerned agencies, in cooperation with industry associations, shall be requested to delineate their areas of coverage, i.e., geographic, topical/program areas, etc. to ensure that the programs reach as many existing MSMEs and interested individuals and
groups. The MSMEDC shall also identify not only geographical and sectoral concerns, but value-chain and/or enterprise resource planning issues as well. This shall be done with the appropriate stakeholders, and encourage the setting up or expansion of MSMEs in areas where pockets of poverty are present which will benefit poor and marginalized sectors.

The MSMEDC shall consult with the SB Corporation on the Council’s appropriate action on developmental policies, programs and projects concerning access to finance and other credit facilities, including for distressed enterprises that the Council should approve in pursuance to RA 6977, as amended. The MSMEDC shall also consult with relevant agencies on the basis of concessional rates which shall be limited to incentives for prompt credit payments, arrangements tying amortizations to business cash flows, effective substitution of government guarantee cover on loans for the borrower’s lack of collateral.

Sec. 10. Other Duties and Functions Implemented through Appropriate Government Agencies. The MSMEDC shall, in pursuance to Sec. 9 of this Rule, work through appropriate government agencies to:

a) Provide more infrastructure facilities and public utilities to support operations of MSMEs in coordination with regional, provincial and city MSMEDCs;

b) Establish, operate, and administer a small business incubation program in coordination with academic institutions, Department of Science and Technology and other appropriate government entities. The program is intended to provide space for start-up and expanding firms, shared use of equipment and work areas, daily management support services essential to high-quality commercial operations, technical assistance and other services to develop innovative and deserving MSMEs;

c) Conduct a nationwide information campaign with the Philippine Information Agency and government-private sector/basic sector councils commissions such as the NAPC, Export Development Council (EDC) and National Commission on the Role of Filipino Women, to inform the public of all programs and services, government and nongovernment available to MSMEs. This shall be done in cooperation with existing industry associations, cooperatives, basic sector organizations such as women, informal sector and persons with disabilities;

d) Provide local and international network and linkages for MSME development in coordination with BMSMED; and,

e) Compile and integrate statistical databank on Philippine MSMEs in coordination with the National Statistics Office (NSO) and National
Statistical and Coordination Board (NSCB) which shall take appropriate initiatives in generating demand-driven MSME statistics.

Sec. 11. MSME Centers. The MSMEDC in coordination with the appropriate government and non-government agencies shall set up new MSME centers and revitalize already established MSME centers to provide MSMEs in the regions easier access to services such as, but not limited to, the following:

a) Accept and act on all registration applications of MSMEs;

b) Streamline registration process and facilitate speedy registration for the establishment of business enterprises in the country;

c) Provide all information and referral services it shall deem necessary or essential to the development and promotion of MSMEs;

d) Conduct other programs or projects for entrepreneurial development in their respective areas; and,

e) Provide courses and development programs, training, advice, consultation on business conceptualization and feasibility, financing, management, capacity building, human resources, marketing, and such other services to support the needs of MSMEs;

The MSMEDC shall also ensure that appropriate programs are established to strengthen and empower industry associations and federations and shall, pursuant to this Section, enter into coordinating and collaborative arrangements with industry associations which have wide geographical reach.

Sec. 12. Annual Report on the Status of MSMEs. The MSMEDC shall submit to the President and the Congress through the Oversight Committee as defined under RA 6977, as amended, and further amended, a yearly report on the status of MSMEs in the country, including the progress and impact of all relevant government policies, programs and legislation as well as private sector activities. For the purpose of the annual reporting to the President, the MSMEDC shall coordinate with the existing inter-agency committee on MSMEs tasked by or created pursuant to an Executive Issuance.

Sec. 13. Coordination, Monitoring and Assessment of the MSMEDP. The MSMEDC shall coordinate, monitor and assess the implementation of the MSMEDP, and when necessary, institute appropriate adjustments thereon in the light of changing conditions in both domestic and international environment.

Sec. 14. Periodic Reports including Gender Responsiveness of MSME Policies and Programs. The MSMEDC shall act on the periodic reports submitted by different government agencies as provided for by this IRR. Consistent with
the gender responsiveness framework of the State, reports may include among others disaggregated data on gender and programs and projects geared towards women empowerment.

Sec. 15. Other Powers and Functions. The MSMEDC shall exercise all powers and functions necessary for the objectives and purposes of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, and further amended by RA 9501.

Rule 9

MSMEDC Secretariat, Appropriations under the General Appropriations Act and MSMED Council Fund

SECTION 1. The Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development. The Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development (BSMBD) shall hereinafter referred to as the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (BMSMED). The BMSMED, as provided for by Executive Order No. 133, February 1987, and other issuances, is an integral part of the Department of Trade and Industry. It is responsible for the promotion and development of MSMEs. It formulates and monitors development programs for private institutions involved in assisting the trade and industry sector, delivery mechanisms and linkages for marketing, financial and sub-contracting services and development programs for livelihood and micro, small, and medium enterprises.

Sec. 2. Designation of the BMSMED as the Council Secretariat. The BMSMED is hereby designated to act as the Council Secretariat and shall have the following duties and functions pertinent to its designation to:

a) prepare and/or recommend, in coordination with local government units and/or associations of local government officials, the annual as well as medium-term MSME development plans for approval of the Council;

b) coordinate the preparation of position papers and background materials for discussion or approval during Council meetings;

c) to assist the Council in coordinating and monitoring MSME policies and programs and activities of all government agencies with respect to MSMEs;

d) prepare, collate and integrate all inputs to the Council’s yearly report on the status of MSMEs in the country;

e) submit periodic reports to the Council on the progress and accomplishment of its work programs; and
perform ad hoc functions as authorized by the Council.

Sec. 3. Strengthening of the BMSMED. Pursuant to the strengthening of the MSMEDC and the expansion of its powers, duties and responsibilities, the MSMEDC shall, within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this IRR, review the organizational structure of the BMSMED in coordination with the appropriate offices of the DTI. The review shall result in a set of recommendations which will ensure the capacity and capability of BMSMED to respond to the needs of the MSMEDC and the sub-national councils. The appropriate MSMEDC resolution shall be addressed to the Secretary of Trade and Industry who has the broad power to reorganize the DTI pursuant to the Administrative Code No. 292 dated 27 July 1987 and other existing laws. The recommendations, subject to existing rules and regulations, may include the following: BMSMED to be given the authority to hire additional employees whether regular or contractual, and engage the services of consultants, as may be necessary, to supplement its current organizational complement.

Sec. 4. Appropriations. To finance its activities and operational expenses, the MSMEDC shall have a separate annual appropriation approved by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) which shall be provided in the General Appropriations Act starting in the fiscal year immediately following the approval of RA 9501. The MSMEDC may also accept contributions, subject to pertinent government accounting and auditing rules and regulations, from the private sector. Activities and operational expenses shall include those arising from professional fees of individuals or institutions which the MSMEDC may tap to conduct researches, studies or formulate policy papers and the like, which are germane to the powers, duties and functions of the MSMEDC.

Sec. 5. MSMED Council Fund. The MSMEDC shall set up the MSMED Council Fund for the development of the MSME Sector subject to existing laws, rules and guidelines applicable to funds established by law. Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this IRR, the MSMEDC through resolution shall identify the other possible sources for the Fund and the allowable expenses, such as support for regional and provincial and city MSMEDCs, which may be drawn from it.

Rule 10
Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation

SECTION 1. Creation of the Small Business Guarantee & Finance Corporation. By virtue of RA 6977, as amended, and further amended, there is hereby created a body corporate to be known as the Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation, hereinafter referred to as the Small Business Corporation or SB Corporation, which shall be charged with the primary responsibility of implementing comprehensive policies and programs
to assist MSMEs in all areas, including but not limited to finance and information services, training and marketing.

Sec. 2. **Board of Directors.** The SB Corporation’s corporate powers shall be vested on a Board of Directors composed of eleven (11) members which shall include the following:

   a) The Secretary of the Department of Trade and Industry;

   b) The Secretary of the Department of Finance;

   c) A private sector representative to be appointed by the President of the Republic of the Philippines upon the recommendation of the MSMED Council;

   d) Seven (7) representatives of the SB Corporation common stock shareholders who shall be elected based on proportional distribution, in accordance with Section 24 of the Corporation Code; and

   e) The President of the SB Corporation as *ex officio* member and to serve as Vice Chairperson of the Board.

Sec. 3. **Appointment of the Chairperson of the Board.** The President of the Philippines shall appoint the Chairperson of the Board from among its members.

Sec. 4. **Election of the Seven (7) Directors from SB Corporation Common Stock Shareholders.** In the election of the seven (7) directors from the SB Corporation’s common stock shareholders, there must be present, either in person or by representative authorized to act by written proxy, the owners of the outstanding capital stock. The election must be by ballot if requested by any voting stockholder. Every stockholder is entitled to vote shall have the right to vote by its authorized proxy the number of shares of stock standing in its name on the stock books of the SB Corporation at the time of the election. The stockholders may vote such number of shares for as many persons as there are directors to be elected or it may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of its shares shall equal, or it may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as it shall see fit: Provided, That the total number of votes cast by it shall not exceed the number of shares owned by the entity so represented as shown in the books of the SB Corporation multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected. Candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. Any meeting of the stockholders called for an election may adjourn from day to day or from time to time, but not indefinitely if, for any reason, no election is held, or if there are not present or represented by proxy, at the meeting, the
owners of the outstanding capital stock.

The proxy so authorized shall notify the Board Secretariat that the former is the duly authorized representative of the common share holders by presenting his or her written proxy at least 30 days before the date of stockholders meeting.

Thereafter, the elections of the seven (7) directors from the SB Corporation common stock shareholders shall be held annually on such date and place as may be provided for under SB Corporation’s amended By-Laws.

Sec. 5. *Term.* All members of the Board so appointed, except for the *ex-officio* members, shall serve for a term of three (3) years without reappointment. The person so appointed to replace a member of the Board who has resigned, died, or been removed for a cause shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term.

Sec. 6. *Powers and Authorities of the Board.* The Board of Directors shall have, among others, the following specific powers and authorities:

a) formulate policies necessary to carry out effectively the provisions of RA 6977, as amended by RA 9501, and to prescribe, amend, and repeal by-laws, rules and regulations for the effective operations of the SB Corporation;

b) establish such branches, agencies, and subsidiaries as may be deemed necessary and convenient, provided that such subsidiaries are related to its core competencies and using internally generated funds;

c) compromise or release, in whole or in part, any claim or liability whatsoever for or against the SB Corporation, including interest, penalties, fees, and/or other charges in accordance to its own by-laws and BSP Rules;

d) fix the features of non-voting preferred shares in compliance primarily with RA 9501 and suppletorily by the Corporation Code, which shall be printed on the stock certificates evidencing the same;

e) exercise all such other powers as may be necessary or incidental to carry out the SB Corporation’s purposes; and

f) notwithstanding the provisions of RA 6758 and Compensation Circular No. 10, series of 1989 issued by the DBM, the Board shall have the authority to provide for the organizational structure and staffing pattern of SB Corporation and to extend to the employees and personnel thereof salaries, allowances, and fringe benefits similar to those extended to
and currently enjoyed by employees and personnel of other government financial institutions.

f.1. Within 120 days from the effectivity of this IRR, the board shall approve a new organizational structure and staffing pattern of SB Corporation.

f.2. The salaries, allowances, and fringe benefits to be extended to the employees and personnel of SB Corporation shall be based on a survey of the salaries, allowances, and fringe benefits of other government financial institutions which SB Corporation shall conduct, subject to the review of the DTI Secretary before presentation to the Board for approval.

Sec. 7. Structure and Powers of the SB Corporation. The SB Corporation shall have the following structure and powers:

a) be administratively attached to the DTI and shall be under the policy and program supervision of the MSMED Council;

b) have its principal offices in Metro Manila whenever necessary, establish branch office in the provinces;

c) exercise all the general powers conferred by law upon corporations under the Corporation Code, including those powers that are incidental or necessary to the attainment of the objective of RA 6977, as amended. For this purpose, the SB Corporation subject to compliance with the Rules and Regulations to be issued by the BSP and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) insofar as they are relevant to its mandate and operations, shall have the following functions and duties:

1. source and adopt development initiatives for globally competitive MSMEs in finance and business technologies;

2. to extend all forms of financial assistance to eligible MSMEs. The SB Corporation shall be given two (2) years from the effectivity of RA 9501 to comply with this requirement;

3. guarantee loans obtained by qualified MSMEs under such terms and conditions adopted by the SB Corporation Board of Directors;

4. hold, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own real and personal property, introduce necessary improvements thereon and to sell, mortgage, encumber or otherwise dispose of the same as may be necessary in the normal course of business;
5. formulate means and methods of accepting alternative collaterals and implementing alternative loan evaluation models;

6. apply for, receive, and accept grants and donations from sources within and outside the country;

7. hold, own, purchase, acquire, sell, mortgage, dispose or otherwise invest or re-invest in stocks, bonds, treasury bills, debentures, securities and similar forms of indebtedness of the Government, its agencies and instrumentalities or any government financial institution.

d) The SB Corporation may also engage in wholesale lending.

**Rule 11**

**Capitalization and Funding of the SB Corporation**

**SECTION 1. SB Corporation’s authorized Capital Stock.**—The SB Corporation shall have an authorized capital stock of Ten billion pesos (Php10,000,000,000.00).

a) The initial capital of One billion pesos (Php1,000,000,000.00) shall be established from a pool of funds to be contributed in the form of equity investments in common stock by the Land Bank of the Philippines (LBP) and the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP), in the amount of Two hundred million pesos (Php200,000,000.00) each.

b) The Social Security System (SSS) and the Government Service Insurance System (GSIS) shall also set aside Two hundred million pesos (Php200,000,000.00) each for the SB Corporation.

c) The authorized capital stock of the SB Corporation shall be divided into Eighty million (80,000,000) common shares and Twenty million (20,000,000) preferred shares with a par value of One hundred pesos (Php100.00) per share: Provided, That the common shares which have been issued, including those issued against the assets of the KKK Guaranty Fund consolidated under the SB Corporation by virtue of Executive Order No. 233, series of 2000 and Executive Order No. 19, series of 2001 and including those already subscribed, shall form part of the capitalization of the SB Corporation: Provided, further, that holders of preferred shares issued under RA No. 6977, as amended, shall have the option to convert the same into common shares.

Sec. 2. **Additional Equity Funding.** Additional equity funding shall come from trust placements of excess and unused funds of existing government agencies, bilateral and multilateral official development assistance funds, subscriptions
from government owned or controlled corporations, and investments of private financial institutions and corporations: Provided, That any investment from the private sector shall only be in the form of preferred shares. The SB Corporation shall likewise notify the national government of the former’s need for additional funding as may be necessary to meet its capitalization requirements and to seek its assistance to facilitate the inflow of additional equity funding from the foregoing sources.

Sec. 3. Grace period on Dividend Commitments. To allow for capital build-up, SB Corporation shall be given a five (5)-year grace period in its cash dividend commitments beginning on the date of effectivity of RA 9501. Thereafter, it may only declare as dividend not more than 30% of its net income and the rest withheld as retained earnings.

Rule 12
BSP Supervision and Examination and Venture Capital and Micro Finance Trust Fund of the SB Corporation

SECTION 1. The SB Corporation shall be subject to the supervision and examination of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas taking into consideration its developmental objectives. As such, the BSP shall implement the appropriate system to supervise and examine the SB Corporation’s quasi-banking functions.

Sec. 2. Venture Capital and Micro Finance Trust Fund. The SB Corporation may set aside an amount of money to encourage the setting up of programs on venture capital and on microfinance trust fund for the purpose of promoting business opportunities available to the MSME sector. The Venture Capital Fund shall be used mainly for venture capital finance especially in technology-oriented industries. The micro finance trust fund shall be used to provide collateral-free fixed and working capital loans to qualified micro and small enterprises run by those emerging out of poverty. The venture capital and micro finance trust fund shall be made available to the MSMEs in partnership with SB Corporation’s participating financial institutions (PFIs). The micro finance trust may be used to provide wholesale funds to qualified micro finance institutions providing collateral-free and household cash-flow based loans to micro enterprises. In the case of the Venture Capital Fund, priority shall be given to technology-oriented small industries with high potential growth.
Rule 13
Mandatory Allocation of Credit Resources to Micro,
Small and Medium Enterprises

SECTION 1. Mandatory Allocation. For the period of ten (10) years from the
date of the effectivity of this amendatory Act, all lending institutions as defined
under Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas rules, whether public or private, shall set
aside at least eight percent (8%) for micro and small enterprises and at least
two percent (2%) for medium enterprises of their total loan portfolio based on
their balance sheet as of the end of the previous quarter, and make it available
for MSME credit as herein contemplated.

Sec. 2. Compliance of Mandatory Allocation. Compliance of this provision
shall be:

a) actual extension of loans to eligible MSMEs; or

b) actual subscription of preferred shares of stock of the SB Corporation;
or

c) wholesale lending to Participating Financial Institutions (PFIs) for
on-lending to MSMEs; or

d) purchase/discount of MSMEs receivables; or

e) loans granted to export, import, and domestic traders subject to
compliance with the pertinent provisions of RA 6977 as amended; or

f) subscribe/purchase of liability instruments as may be offered by the
SB Corporation.

Sec. 3. Formulation of Implementing Rules for Mandatory Allocation. The
Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall, within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of
this IRR, formulate rules for the effective implementation of this provision. In its
formulation of the rules, the BSP shall ensure that it shall call for a consultation
with concerned stakeholders on access to finance issues under Sec. 15 of
RA 6977 as amended, particularly with regard to prioritization of actual
extension of loans to eligible MSMEs, penalties on non-compliance by lending
institutions, and, Subsections (b) and (f) of the above section. The BSP
shall also review the implementation of current rules on mandatory allocation
under existing laws to ensure harmonization of the appropriate provisions.
Provided, That the purchase of government notes, securities and other
negotiable instruments, except those from the SB Corporation as provided
for in the preceding section, shall not be deemed compliance with
the foregoing provisions. The BSP shall institute measures, within a reasonable
period of time, to ensure that appropriate steps are taken by the lending institutions to avoid redundancy and duplication in their reporting under this Rule. In this regard, the measures shall include a determination of which lending institution shall report to the BSP on the amount of wholesale lending. Provided further, that the amounts actually extended through loans to eligible MSMEs from wholesale lending shall not be deemed compliance with the foregoing by the PFI or conduit bank. Provided finally, that the BSP shall, in its review of other existing laws provided in this section, propose to Congress, through the MSMED Council, amendments to laws which run counter to the intent of the mandatory allocation provisions of RA 6977 as amended.

Sec. 4. Incentive Program to Encourage Lending to MSMEs. The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall establish an incentive program to encourage lending to micro, small and medium industries beyond the mandatory credit allocation to said enterprises, such as possible reduction in bank’s reserve requirement. The MSMEDC, shall, in coordination with the BSP, approve a resolution pursuant to this mandate within sixty (60) days from the issuance by the BSP of the rules for mandatory allocation.

Sec. 5. Monitoring of Loan Applications. The MSMED Council shall set up the appropriate systems to monitor all loan applications of MSMEs in order to account for the absorptive capacity of the MSME sector. The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall furnish to the MSMED Council on a quarterly basis comprehensive reports on the banks’ compliance, noncompliance and penalties of the above provisions on the mandatory credit allocation for MSMEs. Pursuant to this provision, the MSMED Council and the BSP shall conduct a study on how this can be implemented, particularly with regard to capturing information based on geographical areas and by MSME category.

Sec. 6. Recourse of Lending Institutions not Qualified to Hold or Acquire Lands of the Public Domain. Lending institutions which are not qualified to acquire or hold lands of the public domain in the Philippines shall be permitted to bid and take part in sales of mortgaged real property in case of judicial or extra-judicial foreclosure, as well as avail of receivership, enforcement and other proceedings, solely upon default of a borrower, and for a period not exceeding five (5) years from actual possession: Provided, That in no event shall title to the property be transferred to such lending institution. If the lending institution is the winning bidder, it may, during said five (5) year period, transfer its rights to a qualified Philippine national, without prejudice to a borrower’s rights under applicable laws. The BSP, shall formulate the appropriate rules concerning this provision.
Rule 14
Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Week

SECTION 1. Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Week. In order to institute continuing awareness of the primacy of small business in nation-building and in people empowerment, and to celebrate and espouse the firm commitment of the State in the promotion, growth and development of small business, the second week of July of every year shall be declared as the “Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Development Week”. The MSMED Council, the Department of Trade and Industry, and the SB Corporation shall be jointly responsible in organizing activities for the event.

Sec. 2. Presidential Awards for Outstanding MSME. Presidential awards for outstanding MSMEs and good MSME practices, consisting of rewards in cash or in kind shall be granted to one hundred percent (100%) Filipino-owned companies during the MSME development week.

Sec. 3. Presidential Recognition for Outstanding Development Partners. Presidential recognition shall be given to MSME development partners which may include, among others, LGUs, banks, lending institutions, and international agencies.

Rule 15
Congressional Oversight Committee

SECTION 1. Congressional Oversight Committee. To monitor and oversee the implementation of this Act, there shall be a Congressional Oversight Committee on Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (COC-MSMED).

Sec. 2. Composition. The COC-MSMED shall be composed of the following:

a) Chair - Chairperson of the Senate Committee on Economic Affairs

b) Co-Chair – Chairperson of the House Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship Development

c) Five (5) Members from the Senate to include the chairpersons of the Senate committees on Trade and Commerce; and Banks, Financial Institutions and Currencies; and three (3) other members, two (2) of whom shall be nominated by the Senate Minority Leader.

d) Five (5) members from the House of Representatives to include the chairpersons of the House committees on Trade and Industry, Banks and Financial Intermediaries, and Appropriations, and two (2)
Representatives who shall be nominated by the Minority Floor Leader of the House of Representatives.

Sec. 3. **Guidelines and Overall Framework of the COC-MSMED.** The COC-MSMED shall set the guidelines and overall framework for the monitoring of the implementation of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289, and further amended by RA 9501. It shall adopt its internal rules of procedure.

Sec. 4. **COC-MSMED Secretariat.** The Secretariat of the COC-MSMED shall be drawn from the existing personnel of the Senate and House of Representatives committees comprising the COCMSMED.

Sec. 5. **Coordination of the COC-MSMED Secretariat and the BMSMED.** The BMSMED shall coordinate with the Secretariat of the COC-MSMED regarding the timelines for the submission of periodic reports and such as other reports, as may be necessary, by the MSMEDC as provided for by RA 6977, as amended and further amended by RA 9501. The BMSMED shall coordinate with them regarding concerns/issues which need to be addressed by the COC-MSMED.

### Rule 16
**Penalties**

**SECTION 1. Sanctions on Non-Compliance of Mandatory Allocation by Lending Institutions.** The BSP shall impose administrative sanctions and other penalties on the lending institutions for non-compliance with provisions of the Amended Magna Carta for MSMEs and this IRR including a fine of not less than FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (Php500,000.00) (adopted from Section 14, RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289). The BSP shall, within thirty (30) days from the approval of this IRR, submit to the MSMEDC its guidelines concerning the details of this provision particularly with regard to the imposable fines.

Sec. 2. **Utilization of the Fund.** Penalties on noncompliance shall be directed to the development of the MSME sector. Ninety percent (90%) of the penalties collected should go to the MSMED Council Fund, while the remaining ten percent (10%) should be given to the BSP to cover for administrative expenses.

Sec. 3. **Payment of the Prescribed Penalty.** Within thirty (30) days from the written communication from the BSP, the lending institution penalized shall remit the amount of the prescribed penalty to the BSP. The corresponding ninety percent (90 %) shall then be remitted to the MSMEDC Fund as provided for by RA 9501 and this IRR.
Rule 17
Provision of Amendments for IRR

SECTION 1. Information Dissemination on the Results of Consultations for the IRR. The BMSMED, mandated by Section 20 of RA 9501 to be the lead agency in the DTI to formulate the IRR, shall submit a report to the following, based on issues and concerns raised during the multi-stakeholder consultations held in pursuant to the formulation of this IRR:

a) Congress on matters needing legislative action;

b) MSMED Council on matters within its powers and duties.

c) President of the Philippines on matters needing executive issuances and the proposed steps to update the current 2004-2010 SMED Plan to conform to the provisions of RA 6977, as amended.

Sec. 2. Public Information Campaign. The BMSMED, in coordination with the PIA and the Regional Operations Group of the DTI, ensure that these Implementing Rules and Regulations shall be disseminated widely to the various stakeholders. This may be in the form of electronic updates and posting in the DTI website and leaflets or brochures which shall contain frequently asked questions, the applicable BSP Circulars and the like.

Sec. 3. Amendments to the IRR. In the event that amendments may be needed to this IRR, the BMSMED shall submit the proposed amendments to the MSMED Council for its deliberations and approval.

Rule 18
Transitory Provisions
SB Corporation

SECTION 1. Incumbent Board of Directors, on Hold-Over Capacity. The incumbent Board of Directors shall continue to hold office on hold-over capacity until the new Board of Directors of SB Corporation under RA 9501 shall have been fully constituted and convened.

Sec. 2. First election of the Seven (7) Representatives of the SB Corporation Common Stock Shareholders. The first election of the seven (7) representatives of the SB Corporation common stock shareholders shall be held not earlier than 30 days but not later than 45 days after the effectivity of these IRR.

Sec. 3. Initial Conversion of Preferred to Common Shares. The GSIS and the SSS, which are currently holders of SB Corporation preferred shares,
shall have the option to convert their preferred shares into common shares at least 30 days prior to the first election of said seven (7) representatives upon written notification to the current Board Secretariat.

Sec. 4. Notification in Writing of Conversion from Preferred to Common Shares. Not less than 30 days prior to the annual elections of the seven (7) directors from the SB Corporation common stocks shareholders, preferred stocks shareholders shall notify in writing the Board Secretariat of their intention to convert their preferred shares to common shares.

Sec. 5. Amended By-Laws. The present SB Corporation Amended By-Laws dated December 7, 2001 shall continue to be in full force and effect insofar as its provisions which are not inconsistent with RA 9501 and this IRR are concerned.

MSMED Council

Sec. 6. Full Reconstitution of MSMEDC. The Secretary of the Department of Trade and Industry, as Chair of the MSMEDC, shall ensure that MSMEDC presently constituted from among the ex-officio members and the private sector and MSME representatives shall meet to deliberate and act appropriately on policy and program matters. The latter shall be limited to matters with identified timeframes, as provided by this IRR, and urgent concerns from consultations of the BMSMED, to ensure that there is no gap in policy and program formulation for the MSMEs. In this regard, the MSMEDC Chair shall ensure that the MSMEDC shall be reconstituted and its new members appointed by the President, or by the banking associations in the case of the banking sector, within ninety (90) days from the approval of this IRR.

Rule 19
Final Provisions

SECTION 1. Effectivity Clause. Pursuant to Section 20 of RA 9501, these Implementing Rules and Regulations of RA 6977, as amended by RA 8289 and further amended by RA 9501, formulated by the Department of Trade and Industry through the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development, shall prescribe the implementation of the Act. Upon approval of the Secretary of Trade and Industry, these rules shall take effect within thirty (30) days from its publication in a national newspaper of general circulation.

Sec. 2. Separability Clause. If, for any reason, any section or provision of the herein “IRR” or application of such rules and regulations or provision to any person or circumstances is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the remainder
of this “IRR of the Amendment of the Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises”, or application of such provisions to other circumstances, shall not be affected by such declaration.

Sec. 3. Repealing Clause. Any provisions of the rules, regulations, codes, orders, resolutions, measures, and other policies or parts thereof issued and promulgated pursuant to this “IRR of the Amendment of the Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises”, which are inconsistent with the IRR are hereby superseded, repealed or amended accordingly.

Issued this 20th day of August 2008 in Makati City, Philippines.

(Sgd.) PETER B. FAVILA
Secretary
Department of Trade and Industry

Recommended by:

(Sgd.) RHODORA M. LEAÑO
Director IV
Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development
Department of Trade and Industry

(Sgd.) MERLY M. CRUZ
Undersecretary
Regional Operations and Development Group
Department of Trade and Industry

(Sgd.) ATTY. BENJAMIN T. SUBIDO
Director
Office of Legal Affairs
Department of Trade and Industry
Subject: Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Pursuant to the provisions of Republic Act (R.A.) No. 6977, as amended by R.A. No. 8289 and R.A. No. 9501, now known as “Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)”, the Monetary Board in its Resolution No. 1298 dated 02 October 2008, approved the revised rules and regulations governing the mandatory allocation of credit resources to micro, small and medium enterprises as follows:

Section 1. Section X342 of the Manual of Regulations for Banks (MORB) and its Subsections are hereby amended to read as follows:

Section X342. Mandatory Allocation of Credit Resources to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. The following rules shall govern the mandatory allocation of credit resources to micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs).

Subsection X342.1. Definition of terms. For purposes of this Circular, the following definitions shall apply:

a) Lending Institutions – shall refer to all banks, namely: UBs, KBs, TBs and RBs/Coop Banks, including government-owned banks.

b) Total Loan Portfolio – shall include all loans and receivables, other than those booked in the FCDU/EFCDU, as defined in the Manual of Accounts Section of the Financial Reporting Package issued under Circular No. 512 dated 3 February 2006, as amended (gross of allowance for credit losses) excluding the following:

(1) Interbank loans receivable, other than (a) wholesale lending of a bank to conduit banks/quasi-banks for on-lending to MSMEs, and (b) rediscounting facility granted to another bank for loans to MSMEs;
(2) Wholesale lending of a bank to conduit non-bank financial institutions without quasi-banking authority, other than those for on-lending to MSMEs;

(3) Loans granted under special financing programs, other than those for MSMEs;

(4) Loans granted to MSMEs, other than to Barangay Microbusiness Enterprises (BMBEs), to the extent funded by wholesale lending of, or rediscounted with, another bank;

(5) Agrarian reform credits/other agricultural loans granted under P.D. No. 717, other than those eligible for compliance with the mandatory allocation of credit for MSMES, as well as development loans incentives under R.A. No. 7721 granted by banks other than branches of foreign banks; and

(6) Loans and receivables arising from repurchase agreements, certificates of assignment/participation with recourse and securities lending and borrowing transactions.

c) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises – shall refer to any business activity within the major sectors of the economy, namely: industry, trade, services, including the practice of one’s profession, the operation of tourism-related establishments, and agri-business, which for this purpose refers to any business activity involving the manufacturing, processing, and/or production of agricultural produce, whether single proprietorship, cooperative, partnership or corporation

(1) whose total assets, inclusive of those arising from loans but exclusive of the land on which the particular business entity’s office, plant and equipment are situated, must have value falling under the following categories:

Micro : not more than P3,000,000
Small : more than P3,000,000 to P15,000,000
Medium : more than P15,000,000 to P100,000,000

(2) duly registered with the appropriate agencies as presently provided by law, except in the case of micro enterprises as defined above.

Subsection X342.2. Period covered; prescribed portions of loan portfolio to be allocated. Banks shall for a period of ten (10) years from 17 June 2008 to 16 June 2018, allocate at least eight percent (8%) for micro and small enterprises (MSEs) and at least two percent (2%) for medium enterprises (MEs) of their total loan portfolio based on their Balance Sheet as of the end
of previous quarter, and make it available for MSME credit.

Banks may be allowed to report compliance on a groupwide (i.e., consolidation of parent and subsidiary bank/s) basis so that excess compliance of any bank in the group can be used as compliance for any deficient bank in the group: *Provided*, That the subsidiary bank/s is/are at least majority owned by the parent bank: *Provided, further*, That the parent bank shall be held responsible for the compliance of the group.

The consolidated report shall be submitted by the parent bank in the prescribed form and shall be supported by the individual reports of the bank and its subsidiaries duly signed by each bank’s authorized signatory.

For purposes of determining compliance with the mandated allocation of credit resources to MSMEs, only eligible credit exposures as enumerated in Subsection X342.3, other than those booked in the FCDU/EFCDU shall be considered.

**Subsection X342.3. Eligible credit exposures.** Funds set aside in accordance with the foregoing requirement shall be made available for any of the following:

a) For micro and small enterprises (MSEs)

   (1) Actual extension of loans to eligible MSEs, other than to BMBEs which are covered in Item “c(3)” hereof: *Provided, however*, That loans granted to MSEs other than BMBEs, to the extent funded by wholesale lending of, or rediscounted with, another bank shall not be eligible as compliance with the mandatory credit allocation; or

   (2) Loans granted to export, import, and domestic micro and small scale traders, other than to BMBEs which are covered in Item “c(3)” hereof: *Provided, however*, That loans granted to MSEs other than BMBEs, to the extent funded by wholesale lending of, or rediscounted with, another bank shall not be eligible as compliance with the mandatory credit allocation; or

   (3) Purchase of eligible MSE loans listed in Items “(1)” and “(2)” above on a “without recourse” basis from other banks and financial institutions; or

   (4) Purchase/discount on a “with or without recourse” basis of MSE receivables, other than BMBE receivables which are covered in Item “c(3)” hereof; or

54
(5) Wholesale lending or rediscounting facility granted to participating financial institutions (PFIs) for on-lending to MSEs, other than to BMBEs which are covered in Item “c(3)” hereof; or

(6) Wholesale lending or rediscounting facility granted to participating financial institutions (PFIs) for on-lending to export, import, and domestic micro and small scale traders, other than to BMBEs which are covered in Item “c(3)” hereof; or

(7) Commercial letters of credit outstanding, net of margin deposits, issued for the account of MSEs.

b) For medium enterprises (MEs)

(1) Actual extension of loans to eligible MEs: Provided, however, That loans granted to MEs to the extent funded by wholesale lending of, or rediscounted with, another bank shall not be eligible as compliance with the mandatory credit allocation; or

(2) Loans granted to export, import, and domestic medium scale traders: Provided, however, That loans granted to MEs to the extent funded by wholesale lending of, or rediscounted with, another bank shall not be eligible as compliance with the mandatory credit allocation; or

(3) Purchase of eligible ME loans listed in Items “(1)” and (2) above on a “without recourse” basis from other banks and financial institutions; or

(4) Purchase/discount on a “with or without recourse” basis of ME receivables; or

(5) Wholesale lending or rediscounting facility granted to participating financial institutions (PFIs) for on-lending to MEs; or

(6) Wholesale lending or rediscounting facility granted to participating financial institutions (PFIs) for on-lending to export, import, and domestic medium scale traders; or

(7) Commercial letters of credit outstanding, net of margin deposits, issued for the account of MEs.
c) Alternative compliance for either or both MSEs or/and MEs

(1) Paid subscription/purchase of liability instruments as may be offered by the SB Corporation; or

(2) Paid subscription of preferred shares of stock of the SB Corporation; or

(3) Loans from whatever sources granted to BMBEs as provided under Subsection X365.5.

Subsection X342.4. Ineligible credit instruments. The purchase of government notes, securities, and other negotiable instruments other than the instruments offered by the SB Corporation, and the granting of loans to MSMEs, other than to BMBEs, to the extent funded by wholesale lending of, or rediscounted with, another bank shall not be deemed compliance with the foregoing requirement.

Subsection X342.5. Rights/remedies available to lending institutions not qualified to acquire or hold lands of public domain. Lending institutions which are not qualified to acquire or hold lands of the public domain in the Philippines shall be permitted to bid and take part in sales of mortgaged real property in case of judicial or extra-judicial foreclosure, as well as avail of receivership, enforcement and other proceedings, solely upon default of a borrower, and for a period not exceeding five (5) years from actual possession, provided that in no event shall title to the property be transferred to such lending institution. If the lending institution is the winning bidder, it may, during said five (5) year period, transfer its rights to a qualified Philippine national, without prejudice to a borrower’s rights under applicable laws.

Subsection X342.6. Submission of reports. Banks shall submit reports on compliance with the mandatory credit allocation on a quarterly basis within 15 banking days from the end of reference quarter to Supervisory Data Center (SDC) of the BSP, using the attached form. Said report shall be considered category A-3 report. It shall become effective starting with the reporting period ending 31 December 2008. Specific guidelines on the modes/manner of submission of the report shall be covered by a separate issuance.

Banks shall maintain appropriate records/details of the reported loans to micro, small and medium enterprises and shall make these available to BSP.
**Subsection X342.7. Sanctions.** The following administrative sanctions shall be imposed on banks:

a) For non-compliance/under compliance with the prescribed portions of loan portfolio to be allocated to MSEs and MEs:

(1) For zero compliance for both MSEs and MEs – P500,000;

(2) For under-compliance:

   (a) For MSEs – percentage of under-compliance multiplied by P400,000

   (b) For MEs – percentage of under-compliance multiplied by P100,000

   to be computed as of end of each quarter.

(3) For willful making of a false or misleading statement to the BSP – P500,000 per quarter-end report without prejudice to the sanctions under Section 35 of R.A. No. 7653.

The imposition of the fines in Items “(1)” to “(2)” shall be without prejudice to the other administrative sanctions under Section 37 of R.A. No. 7653.

(b) For non-submission/delayed submission of reports on compliance with both the prescribed portions of loan portfolio to be allocated to MSEs and MEs, respectively:

(1) UBs/KBs - P1,200

(2) TBs - 600

(3) RBs/Coop Banks - 180

per calendar day of delay.

**Subsection X342.8. Disposition of penalties collected.** Ninety percent (90%) of penalties collected under Subsection X342.7 above shall be remitted by the BSP to the MSMED Council Fund, while the remaining ten percent (10%) shall be retained by the BSP to cover its administrative expenses.

**Section 2.** Subsection X365.5 on the incentives to participating financial institutions under R.A. No. 9178 is hereby amended to read, as follows:
“Subsection X365.5. Incentives to participating financial institutions.
To encourage BMBE lending, the following incentives shall be granted to banks and other financial institutions as may be applicable:

“a. All loans from whatever sources granted to BMBEs under R.A. No. 9178 shall be considered as part of alternative compliance to P.D. No. 717 or to R.A. No. 6977, as amended. For purposes of compliance with P.D. No. 717 and R.A. No. 6977, as amended, loans granted to BMBEs under the Act shall be computed at twice the amount of the outstanding balance of the loans: Provided, That loans used as alternative compliance with P.D. No. 717 which were computed at twice their outstanding balance shall no longer be eligible as compliance with R.A. No. 6977, as amended during the same period and vice versa: Provided, further, That said loans may be used as alternative compliance with both P.D. No. 717 and R.A. No. 6977, as amended at the same time at the maximum amount of one hundred percent (100%) of their outstanding balance each: Provided, furthermore, That funds loaned by or rediscounted with government-owned banks and other government financial institutions to accredited private banking and other financial institutions for on-lending to BMBEs shall be eligible as part of alternative compliance for P.D. No. 717 or for R.A. No. 6977, as amended, of the government-owned banks and the accredited private banks at the maximum amount of one hundred percent (100%) of their outstanding balance each: Provided, finally, That loans used as alternative compliance with R.A. No. 6977, as amended, computed at either twice their outstanding balance or their maximum amount of one hundred percent (100%) may be used as alternative compliance for either or both the prescribed portions of loan portfolio to be allocated to micro and small enterprises and medium enterprises, respectively, as long as the aggregate amount used does not exceed twice their outstanding balance or their maximum amount of one hundred percent (100%), as the case may be.

“b. x x x .”

Section 4. Effectivity. This Circular shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its publication either in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

FOR THE MONETARY BOARD:

(Sgd.) NESTOR A. ESPENILLA, JR.
Officer-in-Charge

14 October 2008

Att. A/S
Category: Category A-3

Deadline: 15 banking days after end of reference quarter

Submission: cc mail: SDC

FOR ALL TYPES OF BANKS

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<tr>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
<th>Code</th>
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<td>Address</td>
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Report on Compliance with Mandatory Credit Allocation Required
Under R.A. 6977 (As Amended by R.A. Nos. 8289 and 9501)

As of

(Quarter-End)

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

) S.S.

I solemnly swear that all matters set forth in this report are true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

______________________________________________________________
Authorized Signatory

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this _______________ day of
20__, affiant exhibiting to me his
Community Tax Certificate No. ______________________ issued at _______________
on ______________________ 20__.

Notary Public
Until December 31, 200
PTR No.
Place ______________________

Doc. No. ______________________
Page No. ______________________
Book No. ______________________
Series of ______________________
**CONSOLIDATED REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY CREDIT ALLOCATION REQUIRED UNDER R. A. 8977 (As amended by R. A. Nos. 8269 and 9501)**

*(For Banks with Subsidiary Bank/s)*

As of **mm/dd/yyyy**

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**I. Total Loan Portfolio Net of Exclusions (Schedule 1A)**

**II. Minimum Amount Required to be Allocated for:**

A. Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) Credit
   \( P_{(\text{Item 1})} \times 8\% \)

B. Medium Enterprises (MEs) Credit
   \( P_{(\text{Item 1})} \times 2\% \)

**III. Compliance with Prescribed Allocation of Loan Portfolio to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises**

A. Micro and Small Enterprises
   1. Total eligible investment for MSEs (Sch. 1B)
      a. Direct compliance for MSEs
      b. Alternative compliance for MSEs
   2. Excess/Deficiency (III.A.1 - II.A)
   3. Excess compliance of a bank/s used by another bank/s
   4. Total compliance for MSEs (III.A.1 + III.A.3)
5. Percentage of compliance for MSEs (III A.4/1)

8. Medium Enterprises
   1. Total eligible investments for MEs (Sch. 1B)
      a. Direct compliance for MEs
      b. Alternative compliance for MEs
   2. Excess/(Deficiency) (III.B.1 - II.B)
   3. Excess compliance of a bank/s used by another bank/s
   4. Total compliance for MEs (III.B.1 + II.B.3)
   5. Percentage of compliance for MEs (III.B.4/1)

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<tr>
<th>Rec. No.</th>
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<th>Subsidiary Bank 1/2/</th>
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1/ Parent bank with majority-owned subsidiary bank/s may be allowed to report compliance on a groupwide basis so that excess compliance of any bank in the group may be used as compliance for any deficient bank in the group, by submitting this form, together with and supported by the individual reports of the bank and its subsidiary bank/s duly signed by each bank's authorized signatory.

2/ Number of columns depend on the number of subsidiary banks.
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY CREDIT ALLOCATION
REQUIRED UNDER R. A. 6977 (As amended by R. A. Nos. 9289 and 9501)

As of mm/dd/yyyy

I. Total Loan Portfolio Net of Exclusions (Schedule 1A)

II. Minimum Amount Required to be Allocated for:
   A. Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) Credit
      \( P \times \text{item 1), x 8\%} \)
      0.00
   B. Medium Enterprises (MEs) Credit
      \( P \times \text{item 1), x 2\%} \)
      0.00

III. Compliance with Prescribed Allocation of Loan Portfolio to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
   A. Micro and Small Enterprises
      1. Total eligible investment for MSEs (Sch. 1B)
         a. Direct compliance for MSEs
         b. Alternative compliance for MSEs
         0.00
      2. Excess/(Deficiency) (III.A.1 - II.A)
      3. Percentage of compliance for MSEs (III.A.1 / I)
   B. Medium Enterprises
      1. Total eligible investments for MEs (Sch. 1B)
         a. Direct compliance for MEs
         b. Alternative compliance for MEs
         0.00
      2. Excess/(Deficiency) (III.B.1 - II.B)
      3. Percentage of compliance for MEs [(III.B.1) / I]
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rec. No.</th>
<th>Outstanding Loans as of Previous Quarter</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Interbank Loans Receivable 3/</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Loans and Receivables - Others 3/</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Loans and Receivables Arising from Repurchase Agreements, Certificates of Assignment/Participation with Recourse and Securities Lending and Borrowing Transactions 3/</td>
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<td>Total Loan Portfolio</td>
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<td>II.</td>
<td>Less: Exclusions from Total Loan Portfolio</td>
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<td>1.</td>
<td>Interbank loans receivable other than (a) wholesale lending of a bank to conduit banks/quasi-banks for on-lending to MSMEs, and (b) rediscounting facility granted to another bank for loans to MSMEs 4/</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Wholesale lending of a bank to conduit non-bank financial institutions without quasi-banking authority other than for on-lending to MSMEs (Sch. 1A-1)</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Loans granted under special financing programs other than those for MSMEs (Sch. 1A-2)</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Loans granted to MSMEs other than to SMEs, to the extent funded by wholesale lending of or rediscounted with another bank (Sch. 1A-3)</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Agrarian reform credits/other agricultural loans granted under P.D. 717, other than those eligible for compliance with the mandatory allocation of credits for MSMEs</td>
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<td>6.</td>
<td>Development loans incentives under R.A. No. 7721 granted by banks other than branches of foreign banks</td>
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<td>Loans and Receivables Arising from Repurchase Agreements, Certificates of Assignment/Participation with Recourse and Securities Lending and Borrowing Transactions</td>
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<td>Total Exclusions from Loan Portfolio</td>
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<tr>
<td>III.</td>
<td>Total Loan Portfolio Net of Exclusions (I - II)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1/ Report the amortized cost of loans (gross of allowance for credit losses)
2/ Report loans other than those booked in the FCDU/EFCDU
3/ To be validated against the FRP of previous quarter.
4/ Total deductions from Interbank Loans Receivable shall be validated against the sum of Item 1.4.a of Schedule 1B and Item II.11. of Schedule 2 of the previous quarter.
## Schedule 1A-1

### Name of Bank

WHOLESALE LENDING OF A BANK TO CONDUIT NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (NBFIs) WITHOUT QUASI-BANKING AUTHORITY OTHER THAN THOSE FOR ON-LENDING TO MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

As of **mm/dd/yyyy**  
(As of Previous Quarter)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Provider of Wholesale Funds and Description of Targetted Beneficiaries</th>
<th>Rec. No.</th>
<th>Name of Conduit NBFIs</th>
<th>Rec. No.</th>
<th>Outstanding Loans 1/</th>
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**1/** Report the amortized cost of loans (gross of allowance for credit losses)

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### Schedule 1A-2

**Name of Bank**

**LOANS GRANTED UNDER SPECIAL FINANCING PROGRAM OTHER THAN FOR MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES**

As of mm/dd/yyyy  
(As of Previous Quarter)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special Financing Program 1/</th>
<th>Rec. No.</th>
<th>Outstanding Loans 2/</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
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<td>2.</td>
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<td>8.</td>
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<td>9.</td>
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<td>10.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1/ Specify type of special financing [e.g., Industrial Guarantee and Loan Fund, Agricultural Loan Fund, Kabalikat sa Pagpapainlad ng Industriya (KASAPI), etc.]

2/ Report the amortized cost of loans (gross of allowance for credit losses).
### Schedule 1A-3

**Name of Bank**

**Loans Granted to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Other Than to Bureks Which Are Funded by Wholesale Lending of or Rediscounted With Another Bank**

**As of:** [Specify date]

**As of Previous Quarter**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 1</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 2</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 3</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 2</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 3</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>A. Which Granted Wholesale Loans</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-total</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 1</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 2</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 3</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 2</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Wholesale: Funds 3</th>
<th>Own Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>B. Which Granted Rediscounting Facility</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-total</strong></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:

1. To be validated against Schedule 1B-1 of previous quarter.
2. Report the amortized cost of loans (gains or losses for current leases).
3. Only this amount shall be deducted from the total loan portfolio.
# Schedule B

**Name of Bank**

**DETAILS OF ELIGIBLE INVESTMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIRED CREDIT ALLOCATION FOR MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES**

**As of**: [Specify the date]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>As of Current Quarter</th>
<th>Micro and Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Medium and Large</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>As per Compliance</strong></td>
<td>Rec. No.</td>
<td>Micro</td>
<td>Small</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Number of borrowers other than BMEs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Total loans extended under the SUCOLS</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. To the industrial sector</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>b. To the service sector</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Total geographical distribution of outstanding loans under items 1.1 and 1.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. To provinces</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>b. To cities</td>
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<tr>
<td>c. To other areas</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information**

1. Report the actualized cost of loans (gross cost of allowance for credit losses).
2. Report expenses other than those listed in the PCG/BCP.
3. This shall include loans granted to export, import, and domestic micro and small and medium scale traders other than to BMEs, excluding those to the extent funded by wholesale lending or rediscounting with another bank.
4. This shall include wholesale lending to participating financial institutions (PFIs) for on-lending to export, import, and domestic micro and small scale traders, other than to BMEs.
5. This amount shall be validated against Schedule 1A next quarter, i.e., Interbank Loans receivable in FRP minus this amount and Item II.1 of Schedule 2 shall equal Item III.1 of Schedule 2A next quarter.
6. Credit exposures may be used as alternative compliance for either or both BMEs and other MEs.
7. Report only the number of borrowers under items 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3a.
8. SUCO (Unified Lending Opportunities for National Growth (SUCOLS))
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Whosegrant Wholesale Loans</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B. Whosegrant Rediscouting Facility</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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</table>

**TOTAL**

1. To be validated against Schedule 1A.2 of the next quarter.
2. Report the amortized cost of loans (gross of allowance for credit losses).
3. Only this amount shall be excluded as compliance.
Name of Bank

WHOLESALE LENDING OR REDISCOUNTING FACILITY GRANTED TO PARTICIPATING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (PI) FOR ON-LENDING TO MICRO SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES OTHER THAN TO BMBes

As of mm/dd/yyyy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I. Name of Bank /Quasi-Bank</th>
<th>Rec. No.</th>
<th>Amount Granted/Rediscounted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Which Received Wholesale Loans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-total</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Which Availed of Rediscounting Facility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-total</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Loans Granted/Rediscounted</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| II. Name of PI without Quasi-Banking Authority |         |                             |
| A. Which Received Wholesale Loans |         |                             |
| 1.                          |         | 0.00                        |
| 2.                          |         | 0.00                        |
| 3.                          |         | 0.00                        |
| Sub-total                   |         | 0.00                        |
| B. Which Availed of Rediscounting Facility |         |                             |
| 1.                          |         | 0.00                        |
| 2.                          |         | 0.00                        |
| 3.                          |         | 0.00                        |
| Sub-total                   |         | 0.00                        |
| Total Loans Granted/Rediscounted |     | 0.00                        |
| TOTAL                       |         | 0.00                        |

1/ Report the amortized cost of loans (gross of allowance for credit losses).
2/ This amount shall be validated against Schedule 1A next quarter, i.e., Interbank Loans Receivable in FRP minus this amount and Item II.1 of Schedule 2 shall equal Item II.1 of Schedule 1A next quarter.
## Schedule 2

### LOANS GRANTED TO BMBEs 3/ 

As of mm/dd/yyyy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Bank</th>
<th>Rec. No</th>
<th>Seq. No.</th>
<th>Outstanding Loans to BMBEs 5/</th>
<th>Maximum Amount Eligible for RA No. 6977 and/or PD 717 Compliance</th>
<th>Amount Used as Compliance With RA No. 6977 5/</th>
<th>Total Amount Used as Compliance with RA No. 6977 and PD 717</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I. Loans Directly Granted to BMBEs</td>
<td>1. Own funds 4/</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Funds from government-owned banks and other government financial institutions 4/</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II. Loans Granted by or Rediscounted with Government-Owned Banks by Accredited Private Banking and Other Financial Institutions for On-Lending to BMBEs 4/</td>
<td>1. Banks/quasi-banks</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Non-bank financial institutions without quasi-banking authority</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III. Total Loans Granted to BMBEs (I + II)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Additional Information:

1. Number of borrowers under Items 1.1 and 1.2 | 0 |
2. Geographical distribution of outstanding loans
   - a. NCR | 0.00 |
   - b. Luzon (other than NCR) | 0.00 |
   - c. Visayas | 0.00 |
   - d. Mindanao | 0.00 |

---

1/ Attached to the Report on the Utilization of Loanable Funds Generated Which Were Set Aside for Agrarian Reform/Other Agricultural Credit, if used as compliance with PD 717 (or Agri-Agra Law) and/or to the Report on Compliance with Mandatory Credit Allocation Required under RA No. 6977, as amended by RA Nos. 8286 and 9501 (or Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises) if used as compliance with RA No. 6977, as amended.

2/ Report the amortized cost of loans (gross of allowance for credit losses).

3/ Loans granted to BMBEs shall be computed at twice the amount of the outstanding balance of the loans. Provided, That loans used as alternative compliance with PD 717 which were computed twice their outstanding balance shall no longer be eligible as compliance with RA No. 6977, as amended, during the same period and vice-versa: Provided, further, That said loans may be used as alternative compliance with both PD 717 and RA No. 6977, as amended, at the same time at the maximum amount of 100% of their outstanding balance each.

4/ Funds loaned by or rediscounted with government-owned banks and other government financial institutions (GFIs) by accredited private banking and other financial institutions for on-lending to BMBEs shall be eligible as part of alternative compliance for PD 717 or for RA No. 6977, as amended, of both the government-owned banks and the accredited private banks at the maximum amount of 100% of their outstanding balance each.

5/ Loans used as alternative compliance with RA No. 6977, as amended, computed at either twice their outstanding balance or their maximum amount of 100% may be used as alternative compliance for either or both the prescribed portions of loan portfolio to be allocated to micro and small enterprises (MSEs) and medium enterprises (MEs), respectively, as long as the aggregate amount used does not exceed twice their outstanding balance or their maximum amount of 100%, as the case may be.
### Schedule 3

**Reconciliation of Loans Granted to MSMEs as Reported under Schedules 1B, 1B-1 and 2**  
and FRP Balance of Microfinance and SME Loans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Micro</th>
<th>Small</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>I. LOANS GRANTED TO MSMEs PER THIS REPORT</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Schedule 1B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Actual extension of loans to eligible MSMEs other than to BMBEs, excluding those to the extent funded by wholesale lending of or rediscouted with another bank</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Purchase of eligible MSME loans under item 1 above on a &quot;without recourse&quot; basis from other banks and other financial institutions</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Purchase/discount on a &quot;with recourse&quot; basis of MSME receivables other than BMBE receivables</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-total</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Schedule 1B-1 (Wholesalers' Funds and Rediscouted Amount Column)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Loans granted to MSMEs other than to BMBEs to the extent funded by wholesale lending of or rediscouted with another bank</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>C. Schedule 2</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>1. Loans directly granted to BMBEs from own funds</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loans granted to BMBEs funded by government-owned banks and other government financial institutions</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-total</strong></td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>II. LOANS GRANTED TO MSMEs PER FRP</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Microfinance</td>
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<tr>
<td>B. Small and Medium Enterprises</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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<td>0.00</td>
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<td><strong>III. DIFFERENCE (I - II)</strong></td>
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<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1/ This schedule shall be generated by the Supervisory Data Center (SDC) of BSP.
2/ This shall include loans granted to export, import and domestic micro and small and medium scale traders other than to BMBEs, excluding those to the extent funded by wholesale lending of or rediscouted with another bank.
Republic of the Philippines  
Congress of the Philippines  
Metro Manila  

Fourteenth Congress  
First Regular Session  

Begun and held in Metro Manila, on Monday, the twenty-third day of July, two thousand seven.  

REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9501  

AN ACT TO PROMOTE ENTREPRENEURSHIP BY STRENGTHENING DEVELOPMENT AND ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS TO MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM SCALE ENTERPRISES, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6977, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE “MAGNA CARTA FOR SMALL ENTERPRISES” AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:  

SECTION 1. Section 1 of Republic Act No. 6977, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:  

“SECTION 1. Title. — This Act shall be known as the Magna Carta for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)”.

SEC. 2. Section 2 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:  

“SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. — Recognizing that MSMEs have the potential for more employment generation and economic growth and therefore can help provide a self-sufficient industrial foundation for the country, it is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote, support, strengthen and encourage the growth and development of MSMEs in all productive sectors of the economy particularly rural/agri-based enterprises. To this end, the State shall recognize the specific needs of the MSMEs and shall undertake to promote entrepreneurship, support entrepreneurs, encourage the establishment of MSMEs and ensure their continuing viability and growth and thereby attain countryside industrialization by:
“a) intensifying and expanding programs for training in entrepreneurship and for skills development for labor;

“b) facilitating their access to sources of funds;

“c) assuring to them access to a fair share of government contracts and related incentives and preferences;

“d) complementing and supplementing financing programs for MSMEs and doing away with stringent and burdensome collateral requirements that small entrepreneurs invariably find extreme difficulty complying with;

“e) instituting safeguards for the protection and stability of the credit delivery system;

“f) raising government efficiency and effectiveness in providing assistance to MSMEs throughout the country, at the least cost;

“g) promoting linkages between large and small enterprises, and by encouraging the establishment of common service facilities;

“h) making the private sector a partner in the task of building up MSMEs through the promotion and participation of private voluntary organizations, viable industry associations, and cooperatives; and

“i) assuring a balanced and sustainable development through the establishment of a feedback and evaluation mechanism that will monitor the economic contributions as well as bottlenecks and environmental effects of the development of MSMEs.”

SEC. 3. Section 3 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 3. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) as Beneficiaries. — MSMEs shall be defined as any business activity or enterprise engaged in industry, agribusiness and/or services, whether single proprietorship, cooperative, partnership or corporation whose total assets, inclusive of those arising from loans but exclusive of the land on which the particular business entity’s office, plant and equipment are situated, must have value falling under the following categories:
micro : not more than P3,000,000
small : P3,000,001 - P 15,000,000
medium : P15,000,001 - P100,000,000

“The above definitions shall be subject to review and adjustment by the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Council under Section 6 of this Act or upon recommendation of sectoral organizations concerned, taking into account inflation and other economic indicators. The Council may use other variables such as number of employees, equity capital and assets size.

“The Council shall ensure that notwithstanding the plans and programs set for MSMEs as a whole, there shall be set and implemented other plans and programs varied and distinct from each other, according to the specific needs of each sector, encouraging MSMEs to graduate from one category to the next or even higher category.”

SEC. 4. Section 4 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 4. Eligibility for Government Assistance. — To qualify for assistance, counseling, incentives and promotion under this Act, businesses falling under the above definition must be:

“a) duly registered with the appropriate agencies as presently provided by law: Provided, That in the case of micro enterprises as defined herein, registration, with the office of the municipal or city treasurer shall be deemed sufficient compliance with this requirement;

“b) one hundred percent (100%) owned, capitalized by Filipino citizens, whether single proprietorship or partnership. If the enterprise is a juridical entity, at least sixty percent (60%) of its capital or outstanding stocks must be owned by Filipino citizens;

“c) a business activity within the major sectors of the economy, namely: industry, trade, services, including the practice of one’s profession, the operation of tourism-related establishments, and agri-business, which for purposes of this Act refers to any business activity involving the manufacturing, processing, and/or production of agricultural produce; and
“d) it must not be a branch, subsidiary or division of a large scale enterprise.

“However, this requirement shall not preclude MSMEs from accepting subcontracts and entering into franchise partnership with large enterprises or from joining in cooperative activities with other MSMEs.

“Programs of the Small Business Corporation (SB Corporation) as provided in subsequent provisions of this Act shall be exclusively delivered and directed to bonafide MSMEs.

“Any MSME, its directors, officers or agents, found to have committed fraud or misrepresentation for the purpose of availing the benefits under this Act shall be immediately disqualified as a beneficiary, without prejudice to any administrative, criminal or civil liability under existing laws.

“Eligible MSMEs shall be entitled to a share of at least ten percent (10%) of total procurement value of goods and services supplied to the Government, its bureaus, offices and agencies annually.

“The Department of Budget and Management shall monitor the compliance of government agencies on the required procurement for MSMEs and submit its report to the MSMED Council on a semestral basis and to the Congress of the Philippines, through its appropriate committees on a yearly basis.”

SEC. 5. Section 5 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 5. Guiding Principles. — To set the pace for MSME development, the State shall be guided by the following principles:

“x x x.”

“c) Coordination of government efforts. Government efforts shall be coordinated to achieve coherence in objectives. All appropriate offices, particularly those under the Departments of Trade and Industry, Finance, Budget and Management, Agriculture, Agrarian Reform, Environment and Natural Resources, Labor and Employment, Transportation and Communications, Public Works and Highways, Science and Technology, Interior and Local Government and Tourism as well as the National Economic and Development Authority, Philippine Information Agency and the Bangko
Sentral ng Pilipinas, through their national, regional and provincial offices shall, to the best of their efforts and in coordination with local government units, provide the necessary support and assistance to MSMEs.

“x x x.”

SEC. 6. A new section, numbered Section 6 is hereby inserted after Section 5 of the same Act, to read as follows:

“SEC. 6. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Plan (MSMEDP). — The President shall approve a six-year micro, small and medium enterprises development plan prepared by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) which shall form part of the Medium Term Philippine Development Plan (MTPDP). It shall be formulated in consultation with the private sector, validated and updated semestrally. Such plan shall include a component on a micro credit financing scheme.”

SEC. 7. Section 6 of the same Act is hereby renumbered as Section 7 and further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 7. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Council. — The existing Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council, which was created by Republic Act No. 6977, as amended by Republic Act No. 8289, shall be strengthened to effectively spur the growth and development of MSMEs throughout the country, and to carry out the policy declared in this Act and shall now be known as the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Council. The Council shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be constituted within sixty (60) days after the approval of this Act.”

“x x x.”

SEC. 8. Section 7 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby renumbered as Section 7-A and further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 7-A. Composition. — The Council shall be headed by the Secretary of Trade and Industry as Chairman, and may elect from among themselves a Vice-chairman to preside over the Council meetings in the absence of the Chairman. The members shall be the following:

“a) Secretary of Agriculture;
b) Secretary of the Interior and Local Government;

c) Secretary of Science and Technology;

d) Secretary of Tourism;

e) Chairman of Small Business Corporation;

f) Three (3) representatives from the MSME sector to represent Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao;

g) One representative from the labor sector, to be nominated by accredited labor groups; and

h) A representative from the private banking sector: to serve alternately among the Chamber of Thrift Banks; the Rural Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (RBAP); and the Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (BAP).

All members of the Council so appointed, except for the ex officio members, shall serve for a term of three (3) years. The person so appointed to replace a member who has resigned, died, or been removed for cause shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term.

The private sector members of the Council shall receive per diem of Two thousand pesos (P2,000) per meeting, for a maximum of twenty-four (24) meetings per year, which per diem may be adjusted by the MSMED Council as appropriate.

The Council may call upon the participation of any national or local government agency, association of local government officials or private sector organization in its deliberations especially when such agency or private sector organization is directly or indirectly concerned with and/or affecting the growth and development of MSMEs in any particular area or manner.

The Council may create an Executive Committee of five (5) members elected by the Council from among themselves or their designated permanent representatives, with at least two (2) members representing the private sector, and with authority to act for and on behalf of the Council during intervals of council meetings, and within the specific authority granted by the Council.”
SEC. 9. Section 8 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby renumbered as Section 7-B and further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 7-B. Powers and Functions. — The MSMED Council shall have the following powers, duties and functions:

“a) To help establish the needed environment and opportunities conducive to the growth and development of the MSME sector;

“b) To recommend to the President and the Congress all policy matters affecting MSMEs;

“c) To coordinate and integrate various government and private sector activities relating to MSME development;

“d) To review existing policies of government agencies that would affect the growth and development of MSMEs and recommend changes to the President and Congress through the Committee on Economic Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship Development of the House of Representatives, whenever deemed necessary. This shall include efforts to simplify rules and regulations, as well as review of the applicability and relevance of procedural and documentary requirements in the registration, financing, and other activities relevant to MSMEs the result shall be included in the annual report to be submitted to Congress;

“e) To monitor and determine the progress of various agencies geared towards the development of the sector. This shall include overseeing, in coordination with local government units and the Department of Interior and Local Government as well as private sector groups/associations, the development among MSMEs;

“f) To promulgate implementing guidelines, programs, and operating principles as may be deemed proper and necessary in the light of government policies and objectives of this Act;

“g) To provide the appropriate policy and coordinative framework in assisting relevant government agencies, in coordination with the NEDA and the Coordinating Council for the Philippine Assistance Program, as may be necessary, in the tapping of local and foreign funds for MSME development;
“h) To promote the productivity and viability of MSMEs by way of directing and/or assisting relevant government agencies and institutions at the national, regional and provincial levels towards the:

“1) Provision of business training courses, technical training for technicians and skilled laborers and continuing skills upgrading programs;

“2) Provision of labor-management guidance, assistance and improvement of the working conditions of employees in MSMEs;

“3) Provision of guidance and assistance regarding product quality/product development and product diversification;

“4) Provision of guidance and assistance for the adoption of improved production techniques and commercialization of appropriate technologies for the product development and for increased utilization of indigenous raw materials;

“5) Provision of assistance in marketing and distribution of products of MSMEs through local supply-demand information, industry and provincial profiles, overseas marketing promotion, domestic market linkaging and the establishment of common service facilities such as common and/or cooperative bonded warehouse, grains storage, agro-processing and drying facilities, ice plants, refrigerated storage, cooperative trucking facilities, etc;

“6) Intensification of assistance and guidance to enable greater access to credit through a simplified multi-agency financing program; to encourage development of other modes of financing such as leasing and venture capital activities; to provide effective credit guarantee systems, and encourage the formation of credit guarantee associations, including setting up of credit records and information systems and to decentralize loan approval mechanisms;

“7) Provision of concessional interest rates, lower financing fees, which may include incentives for prompt credit payments, arrangements tying amortizations to business cash flows, effective substitution of government
guarantee cover on loans for the borrower’s lack of collateral;

“8) Provision of bankruptcy preventive measures through the setting up of a mutual relief system for distressed enterprises, and the establishment of measures such as insurance against extraordinary disasters;

“9) Intensification of information dissemination campaigns and entrepreneurship education activities;

“10) Availment of and easier access to tax credits and other tax and duty incentives as provided by the Omnibus Investment Code and other laws;

“11) Provision of support for product experimentation and research and development activities as well as access to information on commercialized technologies; and

“12) Through appropriate government agencies:

“a) Provide more infrastructure facilities and public utilities to support operations of MSMEs;

“b) Establish, operate, and administer a small business incubation program in coordination with academic institutions, Department of Science and Technology and other appropriate government entities that will provide space for start-up and expanding firms, shared use of equipment and work areas, daily management support services essential to high-quality commercial operations, technical assistance and other services to develop innovative and deserving MSMEs;

“c) Conduct a nationwide information campaign with the Philippine Information Agency that shall inform the public of all programs and services, government and non-government, available to MSMEs;

“d) Provide local and international network and linkages for MSME development;

“e) Compile and integrate statistical databank on Philippine MSMEs;
“f) Set-up new MSME centers and revitalize already established MSME centers to provide MSMEs in the regions easier access to services such as, but not limited to, the following:

“i. Accept and act on all registration applications of MSMEs;

“ii. Streamline registration process and facilitate speedy registration for the establishment of business enterprises in the country;

“iii. Provide all information and referral services it shall deem necessary or essential to the development and promotion of MSMEs;

“iv. Conduct other programs or projects for entrepreneurial development in their respective areas; and

“v. Provide courses and development programs, training, advice, consultation on business conceptualization and feasibility, financing, management, capacity building, human resources, marketing, and such other services to support the needs of MSMEs;

“g) To submit to the President and the Congress through the Oversight Committee as defined under this Act, a yearly report on the status of MSMEs in the country, including the progress and impact of all relevant government policies, programs and legislation as well as private sector activities;

“h) To coordinate, monitor and assess the implementation of the MSMEDP, and when necessary, institute appropriate adjustments thereon in the light of changing conditions in both domestic and international environment; and

“i) Generally, to exercise all powers and functions necessary for the objectives and purposes of this Act.”
SEC. 10. Section 9 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby renumbered as Section 8 and amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 8. Designation of the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development as Council Secretariat. — The Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development (BSMBD) hereinafter referred to as the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (BMSMED) is hereby designated to act as the Council Secretariat and shall have the following duties and functions:

“xxx”

SEC. 11. A new section is hereby inserted after Section 9 of the same Act, as amended, and numbered as Section 9 to read as follows:

“SEC. 9. Appropriations. — To finance its activities and operational expenses, the Council shall have a separate annual appropriation approved by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) which shall be provided in the General Appropriations Act starting in the fiscal year immediately following the approval of this Act. The Council may also accept contributions from the private sector.”

SEC. 12. Section 10 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 10. Rationalization of Existing MSME Programs and Agencies. - The MSMED Council shall conduct continuing review of government programs for MSMEs and submit to Congress and the President a report thereon together with its policy recommendations.”

SEC. 13. Section 11 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 11. Creation of Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation. — There is hereby created a body corporate to be known as the Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation, hereinafter referred to as the Small Business Corporation (SB Corporation), which shall be charged with the primary responsibility of implementing comprehensive policies and programs to assist MSMEs in all areas, including but not limited to finance and information services, training and marketing.”
SEC. 14. A new sub-section is inserted after Section 11 of the same Act, as amended, to read as follows:

“SEC. 11-A. Composition of the Board of Directors and its Powers. — The SB Corporation corporate powers shall be vested on a Board of Directors composed of eleven (11) members which shall include the following:

“a) The Secretary of Trade and Industry;

‘b) The Secretary of Finance;

“c) A private sector representative to be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the MSMED Council;

“d) Seven (7) representatives of the SB Corporation common stock shareholders who shall be elected based on proportional distribution, in accordance with Section 24 of the Corporation Code; and

“e) The president of the SB Corporation as ex-officio member and to serve as vice chairman of the Board.

“The President shall appoint the chairman of the Board from among its members.

“All members of the Board so appointed, except for the ex-officio members, shall serve for a term of three (3) years without reappointment. The person so appointed to replace a member who has resigned, died, or been removed for cause shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term.

“The Board of Directors shall have, among others, the following specific powers and authorities:

“a) Formulate policies necessary to carry out effectively the provisions of this charter and to prescribe, amend and repeal by-laws, rules and regulations for the effective operations of the small business corporation;

“b) Establish such branches, agencies and subsidiaries as may be deemed necessary and convenient;

“c) Compromise or release, in whole or in part, any claim or liability whatsoever for or against the SB Corporation, including interest, penalties, fees and/or other charges in
accordance to its own bylaws and Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas rules;

“d) Fix the features of non-voting preferred shares which shall be printed on the stock certificates evidencing the same;

“e) Exercise all such other powers as may be necessary or incidental to carry out the SB Corporation’s purposes; and

“f) Notwithstanding the provisions of Republic Act No. 6758 and Compensation Circular No. 10, Series of 1989 issued by the Department of Budget and Management, the Board shall have the authority to provide for the organizational structure and staffing pattern of SB Corporation and to extend to the employees and personnel thereof salaries, allowances and fringe benefits similar to those extended to and currently enjoyed by employees and personnel of other government financial institutions.”

SEC 15. A new sub-section is hereby inserted after Section 11 of the same Act, as amended, to read as follows:

“SEC. 11-B. Corporate Structure and Powers. — The SB Corporation shall:

“a) be administratively attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be under the policy and program supervision of the MSMED Council;

“b) have its principal offices in Metro Manila and whenever necessary, establish branch office in the provinces; and

“c) exercise all the general powers expressly conferred by law upon corporations under the Corporation Code, including those powers that are incidental or necessary to the attainment of the objective of this Act.

“For this purpose, the SB Corporation subject to compliance with the rules and regulations to be issued by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, shall have the following functions and duties:

“a) Source and adopt development initiatives for globally competitive MSMES in finance and business technologies;
“b) To extend all forms of financial assistance to eligible MSMEs. SB Corporation may also engage in wholesale lending. The SB Corporation shall be given two (2) years from the effectivity of this Act to comply with this requirement;

“c) Guarantee loans obtained by qualified MSMEs under such terms and conditions adopted by the SB Corporation Board of Directors;

“d) Hold, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own real and personal property, introduce necessary improvements thereon and to sell, mortgage, encumber or otherwise dispose of the same as may be necessary in the normal course of business;

“e) Formulate means and methods of accepting alternative collaterals and implementing alternative loan evaluation models;

“f) Apply for, receive and accept grants and donations from sources within and outside the country; and

“g) Hold, own, purchase, acquire, sell, mortgage, dispose or otherwise invest or re-invest in stocks, bonds, treasury bills, debentures, securities and similar forms of indebtedness of the government, its agencies and instrumentalities or any government financial institution.”

SEC. 16. Section 12 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 12. Capitalization and Funding of the SB Corporation. — The SB Corporation shall have an authorized capital stock of Ten billion pesos (P10,000,000,000.00). The initial capital of One billion pesos (P1,000,000,000.00) shall be established from a pool of funds to be contributed in the form of equity investments in common stock by the Land Bank of the Philippines (LBP), the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP), in the amount of Two hundred million pesos (P200,000,000.00) each. The Social Security System (SSS) and the Government Service Insurance System (GSIS) shall also set aside Two hundred million pesos (P200,000,000.00) each for the SB Corporation. Authorized capital stock of the Small Business Corporation shall be divided into 80,000,000 common shares and 20,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of One hundred pesos (P100.00) per share: Provided, That the common shares which have
been issued, including those issued against the assets of the KKK
Guaranty Fund consolidated under the small business corporation
by virtue of Executive Order No. 233, Series of 2000 and Executive
Order No. 19, Series of 2001 and including those already subscribed,
shall form part of the capitalization of the corporation: Provided, further,
That holders of preferred shares issued under Republic Act No. 6977,
as amended, shall have the option to convert the same into common
shares. Additional equity funding shall come from trust placements
of excess and unused funds of existing government agencies, bilateral
and multilateral official development assistance funds, subscriptions
from government owned or controlled corporations, and investments
of private financial institutions and corporations: Provided, finally,
That any investment from the private sector shall only be in the form
of preferred shares.

“To allow for capital build-up, SB Corporation shall be given a
five (5) year grace period on dividend commitments beginning on the
date of effectivity of this amendment. Thereafter, it may only declare
as dividend not more than thirty percent (30%) of its net income and
the rest withheld as retained earnings.”

SEC. 17. New sections are hereby inserted after Section 12 of the
same Act, as amended, to read as follows:

“SEC. 13. The SB Corporation shall be subject to the
supervision and examination of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas taking
into consideration its developmental objectives.”

The SB Corporation may set aside an amount of money to encourage
the setting up of a venture capital and micro finance trust fund for the
purpose of promoting business opportunities available to MSME
sector. The Venture Capital Fund shall be used mainly for venture
capital finance especially in technology-oriented industries. The micro
finance trust fund shall be used to provide collateral-free fixed and
working capital loans to micro and small enterprises run by those
emerging out of poverty.”

SEC. 18. Section 13 of the same Act, as amended, is hereby
renumbered as Section 15, and further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 15. Mandatory Allocation of Credit Resources to Micro,
Small and Medium Enterprises. — For the period of ten (10) years
from the date of the effectivity of this amendatory Act, all lending
institutions as defined under Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas rules,
whether public or private, shall set aside at least eight percent (8%)
for micro and small enterprises and at least two percent (2%) for medium enterprises of their total loan portfolio based on their balance sheet as of the end of the previous quarter, and make it available for MSME credit as herein contemplated.

“Compliance of this provision shall be:

“a) actual extension of loans to eligible MSMEs; or

“b) actual subscription of preferred shares of stock of the SB Corporation; or

“c) wholesale lending to Participating Financial Institutions (PFIS) for on-lending to MSMEs; or

“d) purchase/discount of MSMEs receivables; or

“e) loans granted to export, import, and domestic traders subject to compliance with Section 3 of this Act; or

“f) subscribe/purchase of liability instruments as may be offered by the SB Corporation.

“The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall formulate rules for the effective implementation of this provision: Provided, That the purchase of government notes, securities and other negotiable instruments shall not be deemed compliance with the foregoing provisions: Provided, further, That the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall establish an incentive program to encourage lending to micro, small and medium industries beyond the mandatory credit allocation to said enterprises, such as possible reduction in bank’s reserve requirement.

“The MSMED Council shall set up the appropriate systems to monitor all loan applications of MSMEs in order to account for the absorptive capacity of the MSME sector.

“The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall furnish to the MSMED Council on a quarterly basis comprehensive reports on the banks’ compliance, noncompliance and penalties of the above provisions on the mandatory credit allocation for MSMEs.

“Lending institutions which are not qualified to acquire or hold lands of the public domain in the Philippines shall be permitted to bid and take part in sales of mortgaged real property in case of judicial or extra-judicial foreclosure, as well as avail of receivership,
enforcement and other proceedings, solely upon default of a borrower, and for a period not exceeding five (5) years from actual possession: *Provided*, That in no event shall title to the property be transferred to such lending institution. If the lending institution is the winning bidder, it may, during said five (5) year period, transfer its rights to a qualified Philippine national, without prejudice to a borrower’s rights under applicable laws.”

SEC. 19. New sections to be numbered as Sections 16, 17 and 18 are hereby inserted after Section 13 of the same Act, as amended, to read as follows:

“SEC. 16. *Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Week.* — In order to institute continuing awareness of the primacy of small business in nation-building and in people empowerment, and to celebrate and espouse the firm commitment of the State in the promotion, growth and development of small business, the second week of July of every year shall be declared as the “Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Development Week”. The MSMED Council, the Department of Trade and Industry, and the SB Corporation shall be jointly responsible in organizing activities for the event.”

‘SEC. 17. *Presidential Awards for Outstanding MSME.* — Presidential awards for outstanding MSMEs and good MSME practices, consisting of rewards in cash or in kind shall be granted to one hundred percent (100%) filipino-owned companies and development partners during the MSME development week.”

“SEC. 18. *Congressional Oversight Committee.* — To monitor and oversee the implementation of this Act, there shall be a Congressional Oversight Committee on Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development (COC-MSMED) composed of the chairpersons of the Senate Committee on Economic Affairs and the House Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship Development as chairperson and co-chairperson, respectively; five (5) members of each of the Senate and House of Representatives to include the chairpersons of the Senate committees on Trade and Commerce; and Banks, Financial Institutions and Currencies; and the chairpersons of the House committees on Trade and Industry, Banks and Financial Intermediaries, and Appropriations: *Provided*, That two (2) of the five Senators and two (2) of the five House Members shall be nominated by the respective minority leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
“The COC-MSMED shall set the guidelines and overall framework for the monitoring of the implementation of this Act and shall adopt its internal rules of procedure. The Secretariat of the COC-MSMED shall be drawn from the existing personnel of the Senate and House of Representatives committees comprising the COCMSMED.”

SEC. 20. Section 14 of the same Act, as amended, on Penal Clause is hereby renumbered as Section 19, and further amended, to read as follows:

“xxx”

“Penalties on noncompliance shall be directed to the development of the MSME sector. Ninety percent (90%) of the penalties collected should go to the MSMED Council Fund, while the remaining ten percent (10%) should be given to the BSP to cover for administrative expenses.”

SEC. 21. A new section is hereby inserted after Section 14 of the same Act, to read as follows:

“SEC. 20. Implementing Rules and Regulations. — The Department of Trade and Industry, through the Bureau of Micro, Small and Medium Business Development and in consultation with other concerned government agencies, nongovernment organizations and private sector involved in the promotion of MSMEs, shall formulate the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) necessary to implement the provisions of this Act within ninety (90) days from the approval of this Act. The IRR issued pursuant to this Section shall take effect thirty (30) days after publication in a national newspaper of general circulation.”

SEC. 22. Separability Clause. — The provisions of the Act are hereby declared to be separable. If any provision of this Act shall be held unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act not otherwise affected shall remain in full force and effect.

SEC. 23. Repealing Clause. — All laws, executive orders, rules and regulations, or parts thereof, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 24. Effectivity Clause. — This Act shall take effect within fifteen (15) days from its publication in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.
Approved,

(Sgd.) PROSPERO C. NOGRALES  (Sgd.) MANNY VILLAR  
Speaker of the House of  
Representatives  President of the Senate

This Act which is a consolidation of Senate Bill No. 1646 and House Bill No. 1754 was finally passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on March 3, 2008 and February 27, 2008, respectively.

(Sgd.) MARILYN B. BARUA-YAP  (Sgd.) EMMA LIRIO-REYES  
Secretary General  
Secretary of Senate  
House of Representatives

Approved: May 23, 2008

(Sgd.) GLORIA MACAPAGAL-ARROYO  
President of the Philippines
Republic of the Philippines  
Congress of the Philippines  
Metro Manila  
Tenth Congress  
Second Regular Session

Begun and held in Metro Manila, on Monday, the twenty-second day of July, nineteen hundred and ninety-six.

REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8289  
MAGNA CARTA FOR SMALL ENTERPRISES  
Republic Act No. 6977, As Amended by Republic Act No. 8289

AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE PROMOTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF, AND ASSISTANCE TO SMALL AND MEDIUM SCALE ENTERPRISES, AMENDING FOR THAT PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6977, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE “MAGNA CARTA FOR SMALL ENTERPRISES” AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

CHAPTER 1

Section 1. Sec. 3 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 3. Small and Medium Enterprise as Beneficiaries. - ‘Small and Medium Enterprise’ shall be defined as any business activity or enterprise engaged in industry, agribusiness and/or services, whether single proprietorship, cooperative, partnership or corporation whose total assets, inclusive of those arising from loans butt exclusive of the land on which the particular business entity’s office, plant and equipment are situated, must have value falling under the following categories:

- micro : not more than P3,000,000
- small : P3,000,001 - P 15,000,000
- medium : P15,000,001 - P100,000,000

“The above definitions shall be subject to review and adjustment by the said Council moto proprio or upon recommendation of sectoral organization(s) taking into account inflation and other economic indicators. The Council may use as variables the
number of employees, equity capital and asset size.”

Sec. 2. Sec. 4 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 4. Eligibility for Government Assistance. - To qualify for assistance, counseling, incentives and promotion under this Act, businesses falling under the above definition must be:

“(a) duly registered with the appropriate agencies as presently provided by law: Provided, That in the case of micro enterprises as defined herein, registration with the office of the municipal or city treasurer shall be deemed sufficient compliance with this requirement;

“(b) one hundred percent (100%) owned and capitalized by Filipino citizens if single proprietorship or partnership. If the enterprise is a juridical entity, at least sixty percent (60%) of its capital or outstanding stocks must be owned by Filipino citizens.

“(c) a business activity within the major sectors of the economy, namely: industry, services, including the practice of one’s profession, the operation of tourism-related establishments, and agri-business, which for purposes of this Act refers to any business activity involving the manufacturing, processing, and/or production of agricultural produce, excluding farm level agriculture/crop production; and

“(d) it must not be a branch, subsidiary or division of a large scale enterprise nor may its policies be determined by a large scale enterprise or by persons who are not owners or employees of the enterprise.

“However, this requirement shall not prelude a small and medium enterprise from accepting subcontracts from large enterprise or firms joining in cooperative activities with other small and medium enterprises.

“Programs of the financing corporation as provided in subsequent Sec.s of this Act shall be exclusively targeted to medium, small, and micro-sized enterprises.

“Registered small enterprises shall be entitled to a share of at least ten percent (10%) of total procurement value of goods and services supplied to the Government, its bureaus, offices and agencies
annually: *Provided*, That prices and quality of goods offered by the registered small enterprises are competitive.”

**Sec. 3.** Sec. 5 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 5 Guiding Principles. - To set the pace for small and medium enterprise development, the State shall be guided by the following principles:

“(a) *Minimal set of rules and simplification of procedures and requirements.* - All government agencies having to do with small enterprises shall pursue stability of rules and to encourage entrepreneurial spirit among the citizenry. The agencies shall see to it that procedural rules and requirements, within their respective offices in coordination with other agencies, are minimized in the act of registration, availment of financing and accessing other government services and assistance.

“(b) *Role of the private sector.* - In order to hasten growth and expansion of small and medium enterprises, the private sector throughout the country shall be encouraged to assist in the effective implementation of this Act by participating in government programs for small and medium enterprises strictly in accordance with the law, and consistent with the attainment of the purposes hereof. To encourage private sector participation, the Council, in consultation with the concerned sector, may recommend simplified procedure and localized incentives to small enterprises. The Government shall encourage the organization and establishment of small and medium enterprise industry associations at the local and regional levels preferably unified under a national federation/association.

“(c) *Coordination of government efforts.* - Government efforts shall be coordinated to achieve coherence in objectives. All appropriate offices, particularly those under the Departments of Trade and Industry, Finance, Budget and Management, Agriculture, Agrarian Reform, Environment and Natural Resources, Labor and Employment, Transportation and Communication, Public Works and Highways, Science and Technology, Local Government and Tourism as well as the National Economic and Development Authority and the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, through their national, regional
and provincial offices, shall to the best of their effort and in coordination with local government units, provide the necessary support and assistance to small and medium enterprises.

“(d) Decentralization. - The State shall accelerate the decentralization process by establishing regional and provincial offices in order to enhance and attain greater efficiency in the provision of services to the countryside and the implementation of this Act, in coordination with local government units. To this end, the government agencies shall effect a substantial delegation of authority to their regional and provincial offices to make decisions, particularly in the registration of beneficiaries of this law, qualification for availment of benefits, accreditation of private voluntary organizations, industry associations and cooperatives, and to resolve complaints for violation of applicable laws.

Sec. 4. Sec. 6 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 6. Creation of a Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council. - To effectively spur the growth and development of small and medium enterprises throughout the country, and to carry out the policy declared in this Act, a Small and Medium Enterprise Development (SMED) Council is hereby created. The Council shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be constituted within sixty (60) days after the approval of this Act.

“The Council shall be the primary agency responsible for the promotion, growth and development of small and medium enterprises in the country by way of facilitating and closely coordinating national efforts to promote the viability and growth of small and medium enterprises, including assisting relevant agencies in the tapping of local and foreign funds for small and medium enterprise development, as well as promoting the use of existing programs, as well as seeking ways to maximize the use of our labor resources.”

Sec. 5. Sec. 7 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 7. Composition. - The Council shall be headed by the Secretary of Trade and Industry as Chairman, and may elect from among themselves a Vice-Chairman to preside over the Council meetings in the absence of the Chairman. The
members shall be the following:

“(a) Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority;

“(b) Secretary of Agriculture;

“(c) Secretary of Labor and Employment;

“(d) Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources;

“(e) Secretary of Science and Technology;

“(f) Secretary of Tourism;

“(g) The Chairman of the Monetary Board;

“(h) Chairman of Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation;

“(i) Chairman of the small and medium enterprises promotion body which the President shall undertake to establish under this Act; and

“(j) Three (3) representatives from the private sector at large, all Filipino citizens, to represent Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao, and one representative from the small and medium enterprises sector to be appointed by the President; and

“(k) a representative from the private banking sector to serve alternately among the Chamber of Thrift Bank; the Rural Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (RBAP); and the Bankers’ Association of the Philippines (BAP).

“Cabinet-rank ex officio members of the Council shall designate an undersecretary or assistant secretary, and the chairman of the Monetary Board or his representative, as their permanent representative in case they fail to attend meetings of the Council.

“The private sector members of the shall initially receive per diem of One Thousand pesos (P1,000) per meeting, for a maximum of twenty-four (24) meetings per year, which per diem may be adjusted by the Council: Provided, that may such adjustment shall take effect upon approval of the President.
“The Department of Trade and Industry shall allocate Five million pesos (P5,000,000) out of its savings for the initial operating expenses of the Council, after which, the Council’s budget shall be included in the annual appropriation of the Department of Trade and Industry.

“The Council may, from time to time, call upon the participation of any government agency or association of local government officials in its deliberations especially when such agency is directly or indirectly concerned with and/or affecting the growth and development of small and medium enterprises in any particular area or manner.

“The Council may create an Executive Committee of five (5) members elected by the Council from among themselves or their designated permanent representatives, with at least two (2) members representing the private sector, and with authority to act for and on behalf of the Council during intervals of council meetings representing the private sector, and with authority to act for and on behalf of the Council during intervals of council meetings, and within the specific authority granted by the Council.”

Sec. 6. Sec. 9 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 9. Designation of the Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development as a Council Secretariat. - The Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development is hereby designated to act as the Council Secretariat and shall have the following duties and functions:

“(1) to prepare, in coordination with local government units and/or associations of local government officials, and recommend annual as well as medium-term small and medium enterprises development plans for approval of the Council;

“(2) to coordinate the preparation of position papers and background materials for discussion or approval during Council meetings;

“(3) to assist the Council in coordinating and monitoring small and medium enterprise policies and programs and activities of all government agencies with respect to small and medium enterprises;
“(4) to prepare, collate and integrate all inputs to the Council’s yearly report on the status of small and medium enterprises in the country;

“(5) to submit periodic reports to the Council on the progress and accomplishment of its work programs; and

“(6) to perform ad hoc functions as authorized by the Council.”

Sec. 7. Sec. 10 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 10 Rationalization of Existing Small and Medium Enterprise Programs and Agencies. - The Council shall conduct continuing review of government programs for small and medium enterprises and submit to Congress and the President a report thereon together with its policy recommendations.

“The President is hereby also empowered to establish a small and medium enterprise promotion body which shall be the principal government agency that will formulate, implement, coordinate and monitor all non-financing government programs, including fee-based services, to support and promote micro, small and medium enterprises. It shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be under the policy, program and administrative supervision of the SMED Council. The said office shall receive no less than fifty percent (50%) of the assets, and budgetary allocations of the agencies for promotion, development and financing of small and medium enterprises that may be henceforth dissolved and/or abolished and absorbed, incorporated and integrated into the SMED Council.”

Sec. 8. Sec. 11 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 11 Creation of Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation. - There is hereby created a body corporate to be known as the Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation, hereinafter referred to as SBGFC, which shall source and adopt development initiatives for globally competitive small and medium enterprises in terms of finance, technology, production, management and business linkages, and provide, promote, develop and widen in both scope and service reach various alternative modes of financing for small and medium enterprises, including but not limited to, direct and indirect project lending, venture capital, financial leasing,
secondary mortgage and/or rediscounting of loan papers to small business, secondary/regional stock markets: Provided, That crop production financing shall not be serviced by the Corporation.

“The Corporation shall guarantee loans obtained by qualified small and medium enterprises, local and/or regional associations’ small enterprises and industries, private voluntary organizations and/or cooperatives, under such terms and conditions adopted by its Board. It may guarantee loans up to one hundred percent (100%). It may also provide second level guarantee (i.e., reinsurance) on the credit and/or investment guarantees made by credit guarantee associations and other institutions in support of small entrepreneurs.

“The Corporation shall become liable under its guarantees upon proof that the loan has become past due under such terms and guidelines adopted by its Board and printed on the contract of guarantee.

“The Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation shall:

“(a) be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be under the policy, program and administrative supervision of the SMED Council;

“(b) have its principal place of business in Metro Manila and endeavor to have one or more branch offices in every province of the country;

“(c) exercise all the general powers conferred by law upon corporation under the Corporation Code as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objectives of this Act;

“(d) have a board of directors upon to which the powers of the Corporation shall be vested, to be composed of nine (9) members including:

“(1) three (3) members of the private sector appointed by the President upon recommendation of the SMED Council and from among whom the Chairman of the Board shall be appointed by the President to serve on a full-time basis;

“(2) the Secretary of Trade and Industry or his Undersecretary; and
“(3) a representative from each of the five (5) government financial institutions mandated in this Act to provide the initial capital of the Corporation, who shall be designated, under guidelines agreed upon by the Board Chairmen of said institutions;

“(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of Republic Act No. 6758, and Compensation Circular No. 10, series of 1989 issued by the Department of Budget and Management, the Board of Directors of SBGFC shall have the authority to extend to the employees and personnel thereof the allowance and fringe similar to those extended to and currently enjoyed by the employees and personnel of other government financial institutions.”

Sec. 9. Sec. 13 of Republic Act No. 6977 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 13. Mandatory Allocation of Credit Resource to Small and Medium Enterprises. - For the period of ten (10) years from the date of the effectivity of this Act, all lending institutions as defined under Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas rules, whether public or private, shall set aside at least six (6%) and at least two percent (2%) for small and medium enterprises, respectively, of their total loan portfolio based on their balance sheet as of the end of the previous quarter, and make it available for small and medium enterprises credit as herein contemplated.

“The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, in consultation with the Council, shall formulate rules for the effective implementation of this provision: Provided, That the purchase of government notes, securities and other negotiable instruments, with the exemptions of such instruments as may be offered by the SBGFC which do not pay market rates, shall not be deemed compliance with the foregoing provision: Provided, further, That the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall establish an incentive program to encourage lending to small and medium industries beyond mandatory credit allocation to said enterprises, such as possible reduction in bank’s reserve requirement.

“The SMED Council shall set up the appropriate systems to monitor all loan applications of small and medium enterprises in order to account for the absorptive capacity of the small and medium enterprises sector.

“The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall require lending institutions covered by this Act to furnish to the Small and
Medium Enterprise Development Council on a quarterly basis regular reports on their compliance with the above provisions on the mandatory credit allocations for small and medium enterprises and expeditiously act on the Council’s reports of non-compliance therewith.”

Sec. 10. Sec. 14 of Republic Act No, 6977 is hereby amended to read follows:

“SEC. 14. Penalty Clause. - The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas shall impose administrative sanctions and other penalties on the lending institutions for non-compliance with provision of this Act including a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000).”

Sec. 11. Separability Clause. - The provision of this Act are hereby declared to be separable. If any provision of this Act shall be held unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act not other wise affected shall remain in full force and effect.

Sec. 12. Repealing Clause. - All laws, executive orders, rules and regulations, or parts thereof, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Sec. 13. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved,

(Sgd.) JOSE DE VENECIA, JR (Sgd.) ERNESTO M. MACEDA
Speaker of the House President of the Senate
of Representatives

This Act which is a consolidation of Senate Bill No. 1283 and House Bill No. 9069 was finally passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on March 5, 1997 and April 30, 1997, respectively.

(Sgd.) ROBERTO P. NAZARENO (Sgd.) LORENZO E. LEYNES, JR.
Secretary General Secretary of Senate
House of Representatives

Approved: MAY 06, 1997

(Sgd.) FIDEL V. RAMOS
President of the Philippines
REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6977

AN ACT TO PROMOTE, DEVELOP AND ASSIST SMALL AND MEDIUM SCALE ENTERPRISES THROUGH THE CREATION OF A SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT (SMED) COUNCIL, AND THE RATIONALIZATION OF GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS AND AGENCIES CONCERNED WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

CHAPTER I

Section 1. Title. — This Act shall be known as the “Magna Carta for Small Enterprises.”

Sec. 2. Declaration of Policy. — Recognizing that small and medium scale enterprises have the potential for more employment generation and economic growth and therefore can help provide a self-sufficient industrial foundation for the country, it is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote, support, strengthen and encourage the growth and development of small and medium enterprises in all productive sectors of the economy particularly rural/agri-based enterprises. To this end, the Senate shall undertake the spur the growth and development of small and medium enterprises throughout the country and thereby attain countryside industrialization:

(a) by assuring, through the establishment of adequate support structure, and the creation and promotion of an environment conducive to the viability of these enterprises, establishment of mechanisms, the access and transfer of appropriate technology needed by small and medium enterprises;

(b) by intensifying and expanding programs for training in entrepreneurship and for skills, development for labor;

(c) by facilitating their access to sources of funds;

(d) by assuring to them access to a fair share of government contracts and related incentives and preferences;

(e) by complementing and supplementing financing programs for small and medium enterprises and doing away with stringent and burdensome collateral requirements that small entrepreneurs invariably find extreme difficulty complying with;

(f) by instituting safeguards for the protection and stability of the credit delivery system;
(g) by raising government efficiency and effectiveness in providing assistance to small and medium enterprises throughout the country, at the least cost;

(h) by promoting linkages between large and small enterprises, and by encouraging the establishment of common service facilities;

(i) by making the private sector a partner in the task of building up small and medium enterprises through the promotion and participation of private voluntary organizations, viable industry associations, and cooperatives; and

(j) by assuring a balanced and sustainable development through the establishment of a feedback and evaluation mechanism that will monitor the economic contributions as well as bottlenecks and environmental effects of the development of small and medium scale enterprises.

Sec. 3. Small and Medium Enterprises as Beneficiaries. — “Small and medium enterprise” shall be defined as any business activity or enterprise engaged in industry, agri-business and/or services, whether single proprietorship, cooperative, partnership or corporation whose total assets, inclusive of those arising from loans but exclusive of the land on which the particular business entity’s office, plant and equipment are situated, must have value falling under the following categories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Asset Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>micro</td>
<td>less than P50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cottage</td>
<td>P50,001 - P500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>small</td>
<td>P500,001 - P5,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium</td>
<td>P5,000,001 - P20,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In a generic sense, all enterprises with total assets of Five million pesos (P5,000,000) and below shall be called small enterprises.

The above definitions shall be subject to review and adjustment by the said Council as deemed necessary, taking into account inflation and other economic factors.

Sec. 4. Eligibility for Government Assistance. — To qualify for assistance, counseling, incentives and promotions under this Act, business falling under the above, definition must be;

(a) duly registered with the appropriate agencies as, presently provided by law: Provided, That, in the case of micro enterprises as defined herein, registration with the office of the municipal or city treasurer shall be deemed sufficient compliance with this requirement;
(b) one hundred percent (100%) owned and capitalized by Filipino citizens if single proprietorship or partnership. If the enterprise is a juridical entity at least 60% of its capital or outstanding stocks must be owned by Filipino citizens;

(c) primarily engaged in manufacturing, processing, and/or production excluding farm level agricultural/crop production; and

(d) it must not be a branch, subsidiary or division of a large scale enterprise nor may its policies be determined by a large scale enterprise or by persons who are not owners or employees of the enterprise.

However, this requirement shall not preclude a small and medium enterprise from accepting subcontracts from large enterprises or firms joining in cooperative activities with other small and medium enterprises.

Programs of the financing corporation as provided in subsequent Sections of this Act shall be exclusively targeted to small, cottage and micro-sized enterprises. Financing from the Philippine National Bank, Development Bank of the Philippines, Land Bank of the Philippines and other financial institutions shall be made available to medium enterprises.

Medium enterprises, however, shall be entitled to avail of the other incentives, programs and services as provided for in this Act.

Sec. 5. Guiding Principles. — To set the pace for small and medium enterprise development, the State shall be guided by the following principles:

(a) Minimal set of rules and simplification of procedures and requirements. All government agencies having to do with small enterprises shall pursue the principles of minimum regulation to ensure stability of rules and to encourage entrepreneurial spirit among the citizenry. The agencies shall see to it that procedural rules and requirements, within their respective offices and in coordination with other agencies, are minimized in the act of registration, availment of financing and accessing other government services and assistance.

(b) Role of the private sector. In order to hasten growth and expansion of small and medium enterprises, the private sector throughout the country shall be encouraged to assist in the effective implementation of this Act by constantly policing their ranks; and by participating in government programs for small and medium enterprises strictly in accordance with law, and consistent with the attainment of the purposes hereof. The government shall encourage the organization and establishment of small and medium enterprise industry
associations at the local and regional levels preferably unified under a national federation/association.

(c) **Coordination of government efforts.** Government efforts shall be coordinated to achieve coherence in objectives. All appropriate offices, particularly those under the Department of Trade and Industry, Finance, Budget and Management, Agriculture, Agrarian Reform, Environment and Natural Resources, Labor and Employment, Transportation and Communication, Public Works and Highways, Science and Technology, and Local Government as well as the National Economic and Development Authority and the Central Bank of the Philippines, through their national, regional and provincial offices, shall to the best of their effort and in coordination with local government units, provide the necessary support and assistance to small and medium enterprises.

(d) **Decentralization.** The State shall accelerate the decentralization process by establishing regional and provincial offices in order to enhance and attain greater efficiency in the provision of services to the countryside and the implementation of this Act, in coordination with local government units. To this end, the Government Agencies shall effect a substantial delegation of authority their regional and provincial offices to make decisions, particularly in the registration of beneficiaries of this law, qualification for availment of benefits, accreditation of private voluntary organizations, industry associations and cooperatives, and to resolve complaints for violation of applicable laws.

**CHAPTER II**

**Sec. 6. Creation of a Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council.** — To effectively spur the growth and development of small and medium enterprises throughout the country, and to carry out the policy declared in this Act, a Small and Medium Enterprise Development (SMED) Council is hereby created. The Council shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be duly constituted within sixty (60) days after the approval of this Act.

The Council shall be the primary agency responsible for the promotion, growth and development of small and medium enterprises in the country by way of facilitating and closely coordinating national efforts to promote the viability and growth of small and medium enterprises, including assisting relevant agencies in the tapping of local and foreign funds for small and medium enterprise development, as well as promoting the use of existing guarantee programs.
Sec. 7. Composition. — The Council shall be headed by the Secretary of Trade and Industry as Chairman. The members shall be the following:

(a) Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority;

(b) Secretary of Agriculture;

(c) Secretary of Labor and Employment;

(d) Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources;

(e) Secretary of Science and Technology;

(f) Chairman of Small Business Finance and Guarantee Corporation;

(g) Chairman of the small and medium enterprises promotion body which the President shall undertake to establish under this Act; and

(h) Three (3) representatives from the private sector, all Filipino citizens, to represent Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao to be appointed by the President, one of whom shall come from the banking industry.

Cabinet-rank ex officio members of the Council shall designate an undersecretary or assistant secretary as their permanent representative in case they fail to attend meetings of the Council.

The private sector members of the Council shall initially receive per diem of One thousand pesos (P1,000.00) per meeting.

The Department of Trade and Industry shall allocate Five million pesos (P5,000,000.00) out of its savings for the initial operating expenses of the Council, after which the Council’s budget shall be included in the annual appropriation of the Department of Trade and Industry.

The council may, from time to time, call upon the participation of any government agency or association of local government officials in its deliberation especially when such agency is directly or indirectly concerned with and/or affecting the growth and development of small and medium enterprises in any particular area or manner.
Sec. 8. Powers and Functions. — The Small and Medium Enterprise Development (SMED) Council shall have the following powers, duties and functions:

(a) to help establish the needed environment and opportunities conducive to the growth and development of the small and medium sector;

(b) to recommend to the President and the Congress all policy matters affecting small and medium sale enterprises;

(c) to formulate a comprehensive small and medium enterprise development plan to be integrated into the National Economic and Development Authority Development Plans;

(d) to coordinate and integrate various government and private sector activities relating to small and medium enterprise development;

(e) to review existing policies of government agencies that would affect the growth and development of small and medium enterprises and recommend changes to the President and/or to the Congress whenever deemed necessary.

This shall include efforts to simplify rules and regulations as well as procedural and documentary requirements in the registration, financing, and other activities relevant to small and medium enterprises;

(f) to monitor and determine the progress of various agencies geared towards the development of the sector. This shall include overseeing, in coordination with local government units and the Department of Local Government as well as private sector groups/associations, the developments among small and medium enterprises, particularly the cottage and micro-sized firms;

(g) to promulgate implementing guidelines, programs, and operating principles as may be deemed proper and necessary in the light of government policies and objectives of this Act;

(h) to provide the appropriate policy and coordinative framework in assisting relevant government agencies, in coordination with the National Economic and Development Authority and the Coordinating Council for the Philippine Assistance Program, as may be necessary, in the tapping of local and foreign funds for small and medium enterprise development;
(i) to promote the productivity and viability of small and medium enterprises by way of directing and/or assisting relevant government agencies and institutions at the national, regional and provincial levels towards the;

(1) provision of business training courses, technical training for technicians and skilled laborers and continuing skills upgrading programs;

(2) provision of labor-management guidance, assistance and improvement of the working conditions of employees in small and medium-sized firms;

(3) provision of guidance and assistance regarding product quality/product development and product diversification;

(4) provision of guidance and assistance for the adoption of improved production techniques and commercialization of appropriate technologies for the product development and for increased utilization of indigenous raw materials;

(5) provision of assistance in marketing and distribution of products of small and medium scale enterprises through local supply-demand information, industry and provincial profiles, overseas marketing promotion, domestic market linkaging and the establishment of common service facilities such as common and/or cooperative bonded warehouse, grains storage, agro-processing and drying facilities, ice plants, refrigerated storage, cooperative trucking facilities, etc.;

(6) intensification of assistance and guidance to enable greater access to credit through a simplified multiagency financing program; to encourage development of other models of financing such as leasing and venture capital activities; to provide effective credit guarantee systems, and encourage for formation of credit guarantee associations, including setting up of credit records and information systems and to decentralize loan approval mechanisms;

(7) provision of concessional interest rates, lower financing fees, which may include incentives for prompt credit payments, arrangements tying amortizations to business cash flows, effective substitution of government guarantee cover on loans for the borrower’s lack of collateral;
(8) provision of bankruptcy preventive measures through the setting up of a mutual relief system for distressed enterprises, and the establishment of measures such as insurance against extraordinary disaster;

(9) intensification of information dissemination campaigns and entrepreneurship education activities;

(10) easier access to and availing of tax credits and other tax and duty incentives as provided by the Omnibus investment Code and other laws;

(11) provision of support for product experimentation and research and development activities as well as access to information on commercialized technologies; and

(12) provision of more infrastructure facilities and public utilities to support operations of small and medium enterprises;

(j) to submit to the President and the Congress a yearly report on the status of small and medium enterprises in the country, including the progress and impact of all relevant government policies, programs and legislation as well as private sectors activities;

(k) to assist in the establishment of modern industrial estates outside urban centers; and

(l) generally, to exercise all powers and functions necessary for the objectives and purposes of this Act.

Sec. 9. Designation of the Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development as Council Secretariat. — The Bureau of Small and Medium Business Development of the Department of Trade and Industry, in addition to its current activities and functions, is hereby designated to act as the Council Secretariat. The Secretariat shall have the following duties and functions:

(1) to prepare, in coordination with local government units and/or associations of local government officials, and recommend annual as well as medium-term small and medium enterprise development plans for approval of the Council;

(2) to coordinate the preparation of position papers and background materials for discussion or approval during Council meetings;
(3) to assist the Council in coordinating and monitoring small and medium enterprise policies and programs and activities of all government agencies with respect to small and medium enterprises;

(4) to repair, collate and integrate all inputs to the Council’s yearly report on the status of small and medium enterprises in the country;

(5) to submit periodic reports to the Council on the progress and accomplishment of its work programs; and

(6) to perform ad hoc functions as authorized by the Council.

CHAPTER III

Sec. 10. Rationalization of Existing Small and Medium Enterprise Programs and Agencies. — The Small and Medium Enterprise Development Council shall within one hundred eighty (180) days from its establishment, recommend to the President, measure/s to rationalize and integrate under a unified Institutional frameworks all government programs for the promotion and development of small and medium enterprises.

The President is hereby also empowered to establish a small and medium enterprise promotion body which shall be the principal government agency that will formulate, implement, coordinate and monitor all non-financing government programs, including fee-based services, to support and promote micro, small and medium enterprises. It shall be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be under the policy, program and administrative supervision of the SMED Council. The said offices shall receive no less than fifty percent (50%) of the assets, and budgetary allocations of the agencies for promotion, development and financing of small and medium enterprises that may be henceforth dissolved and/or abolished and absorbed, incorporated and integrated into the SMED Council.

Sec. 11. Creation of Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation. — There is hereby created a body corporate to be known as the Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation, hereinafter referred to as SBGFC, which shall provide, promote, develop and widen in both scope and service reach various alternative modes of financing for small enterprises, including, but not limited to, direct and indirect project lending, venture capital, financial leasing, secondary mortgage and/or rediscounting of loan papers to small businesses secondary/regional stock markets: Provided, that crop production financing shall not be serviced by the Corporation.

The Corporation shall guarantee loans obtained by qualified small enterprises, local and/or regional associations small enterprises and industries, private voluntary organizations and/or cooperatives, under such terms and
conditions adopted by its Board. It may guarantee loans up to one hundred percent (100%). It may also provide second level guarantee (i.e., re-insurance) on the credit and/or investment guarantees made by credit guarantee associations and other institutions in support of small entrepreneurs.

The Corporation shall become liable under its guarantees upon proof that the loan has become past due under such terms and guidelines adopted by its Board and printed on the contract of guarantee.

The Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation shall:

(a) be attached to the Department of Trade and Industry and shall be under the policy, program and administrative supervision of the SMED Council;

(b) have its principal place of business in Metro Manila and endeavor to have one or more branch offices in every province of the country;

(c) exercise all the general powers conferred by law upon corporations under the Corporation Code as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objectives of this Act; and

(d) have a board of directors upon which the powers of the Corporation shall be vested, to be composed of five (5) members including:

(1) three (3) members from the private sector appointed by the President upon recommendation of the SMED Council and from among whom the Chairman of the Board shall be appointed by the President to serve on a full-time basis;

(2) the Secretary of Trade and Industry or his Undersecretary; and

(3) a representative of the five (5) government financial institutions mandated in this Act to provide the initial capital of the Corporation, who shall be designated, under guidelines agreed upon by the Board Chairman of said institutions.

Sec. 12. Capitalization and Funding. — The Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation shall have an authorized capital stock of Five billion pesos (P5,000,000,000.00). The initial capital of One billion pesos (P1,000,000,000.00) shall be established from a pool of funds to be contributed in the form of equity investments in common stock by the Land Bank of the Philippines (LBP), the Philippines National Bank (PNB), the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP) in the amount of Two hundred million pesos (P200,000,000.00) each. The Social Security System (SSS) and the
Government Service Insurance System (GSIS) shall also set aside Two hundred million pesos (200,000,000.00) each to be placed in preferred stocks of the SBGFC. Additional funding shall come from trust placements of excess and unused funds of existing government agencies, bilateral and multilateral official development assistance funds, subscription from government-owned or controlled corporations, and investments of private financial institutions and corporations.

**Sec. 13. Mandatory Allocation of Credit Resources to Small Enterprises.** — All lending institutions as defined under Central Bank rules, whether public or private, shall, set aside a portion of their total loan portfolio based on their balance sheet as of the end of the previous quarter, and make it available for small enterprise credit as herein contemplated. The portion mandated to be so set aside shall at least be, five per cent (5%) by the end of the year of the effectivity of this Act, ten percent (10%) by the end of the second year through the end of the fifth year, and five percent (5%) by the end of sixth year and may come down to zero by the end of the seventh year.

The Central Bank in consultation with the Council, shall formulate rules for the effective implementation of this provision: Provided, That the purchase of government notes, securities, and other negotiable instruments, with the exception of such instruments as may be offered by the SBGFC, shall not be deemed compliance with the foregoing provision.

The SMED Council shall set up the appropriate systems to monitor all loan applications of small enterprises in order to account for the absorptive capacity of the small enterprise sector.

The Central Bank shall furnish to the Small and Medium Development Council on a semestral basis regular reports on the lending institutions compliance with the above provisions on the mandatory credit allocation for small enterprises.

**Sec. 14. Penal Clause.** — The Central Bank shall impose administrative sanctions and other penalties on the lending institution for non-compliance with provisions of Act. In addition, the president, members of boards of directors, and other officers of the erring lending institutions shall be individually liable for imprisonment of not less than six (6) months and a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand (P500,000) each.

**CHAPTER IV**

**Sec. 15. Separability Clause.** — The provisions of this Act are hereby declared to be separable. If any provisions of this Act shall be held unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act not otherwise affected shall remain in full force and effect.
Sec. 16. Repealing Clause. — All laws, executive orders, rules and regulations, or parts thereof, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Sec. 17. Effectivity. — This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved: January 04, 1991